

February 2021

Canada's Role in the World - Part Three

A Macdonald-Laurier Institute poll



Methodology

- ▶ Survey of 1,023 Canadians conducted using an online national representative sample.*
 - ▶ Margin of error is +/- 3.1%, for the national sample, but larger for sub-groups.
- ▶ The survey was conducted in both English and French.
- ▶ Data was collected between September 28th and 30th, 2020.
- ▶ Results have been weighted by region, age, gender, language most often used at home and past federal vote using the most recent census data.

*This poll was done in partnership with the Konrad Adenauer Foundation. MLI also used the services of One Persuades for the polling.

Label definitions

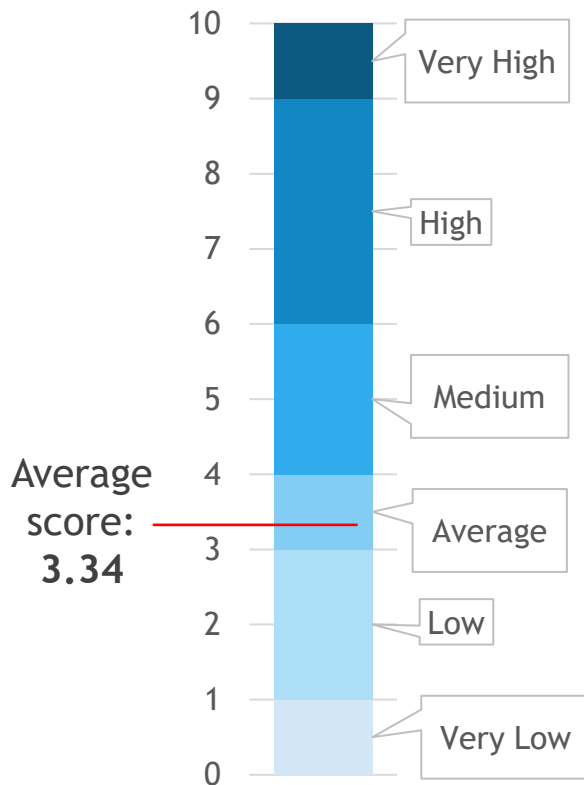
| Label | Definition | Label | Definition | Label | Definition |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Canada | All respondents | Trades or comm college | Attended trades school or community college | English | English is official language most often spoken at home |
| Atlantic | NL, NS, PE & NB | Bachelor's degree | Completed a Bachelor's degree | French | French is official language most often spoken at home |
| Quebec | Quebec | Graduate degree | Completed a post-graduate degree | Visited China | Has visited China |
| Ontario | Ontario | Under \$50k | Household income under \$50,000 | Pos view of China/Russia/US | Has a very or moderately positive view of China/ Russia/US |
| Prairies | MB, SK & AB | \$50k to \$100k | Household income between \$50,000 and \$100,000 | Neutral view of China/ Russia/ US | Has a neutral view of China/ Russia/ US |
| BC | British Columbia | \$100k to \$150k | Household income between \$100,000 and \$150,000 | V. neg view of China/ Russia/ US | Has a very negative view of China/Russia/US |
| M18-34 | Males 18 to 34 years old | Over \$150k | Household income over \$100,000 | FP very imp to voting | Foreign policy is very important to their voting decision |
| M35-54 | Males 35 to 54 years old | Immigrant | Immigrated to Canada themselves | FP mod. imp to voting | Foreign policy is moderately important to their voting decision |
| M55+ | Males 55 & older | 2 nd generation | One or both parents immigrated to Canada | FP not very imp to voting | Foreign policy is not very important to their voting decision |
| F18-34 | Females 18 to 34 years old | 3 rd gen or more | Family has been in Canada for more than two generations | FP not imp at all to voting | Foreign policy is not at all important to their voting decision |
| F35-54 | Females 35 to 54 years old | Liberal '19 | Voted Liberal in the 2019 federal election | Very Low to High IKS | International Knowledge Score categories |
| F55+ | Females 55 & older | Conservative '19 | Voted Conservative in the 2019 federal election | | |
| High school or less | No more education than high school | NDP '19 | Voted NDP in the 2019 federal election | | |

International Knowledge Score (IKS)

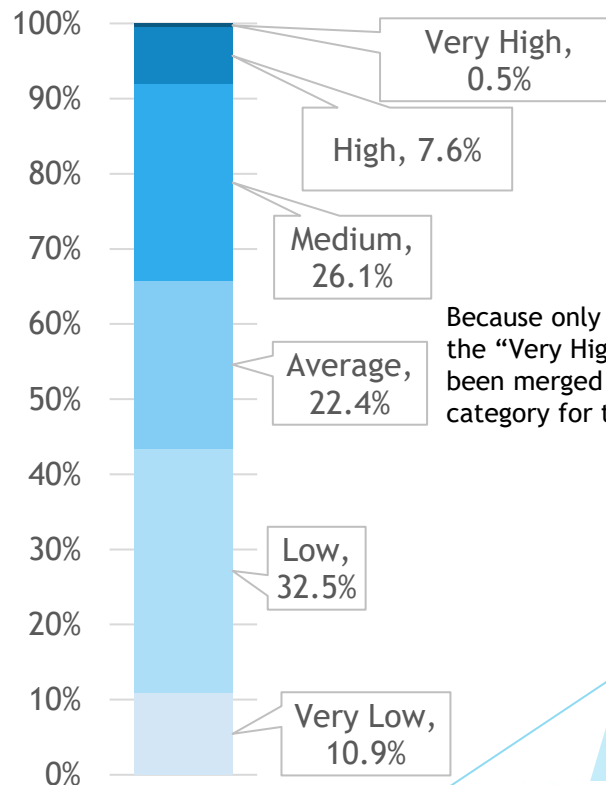
- ▶ In order to understand the impact of knowledge of foreign affairs and familiarity with the world outside of Canada on how respondents view Canada's place in the world and various policy issues we created the International Knowledge Score (IKS).
- ▶ The IKS is a combination of two equal factors:
 - ▶ Amount of travel outside of Canada, with extra weight for travel beyond North America and the Anglosphere.
 - ▶ Knowledge of international news using two events as tests - the signing of the Abraham Accords and the 2019 UK election.
- ▶ The IKS is measured using a score between 0 and 10. 0 means having no knowledge or exposure to the world beyond Canada and 10 means having deep knowledge of and extensive exposure to the rest of the world.

International Knowledge Score (IKS)

IKS categories based on score

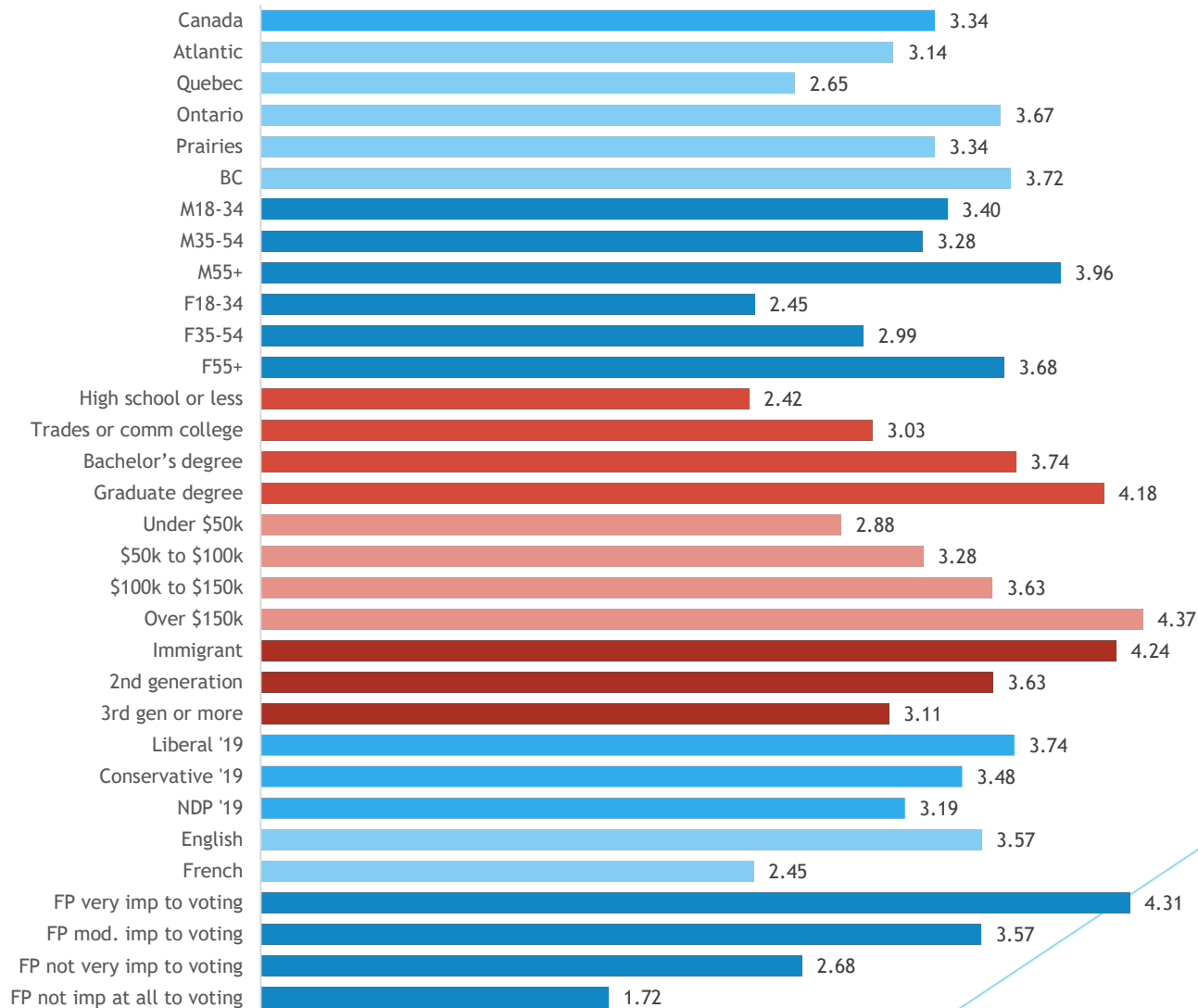


Distribution of IKS categories within Canada



Because only 5 respondents scored in the "Very High" category they have been merged into the "High" category for the rest of this analysis

IKS by demographic

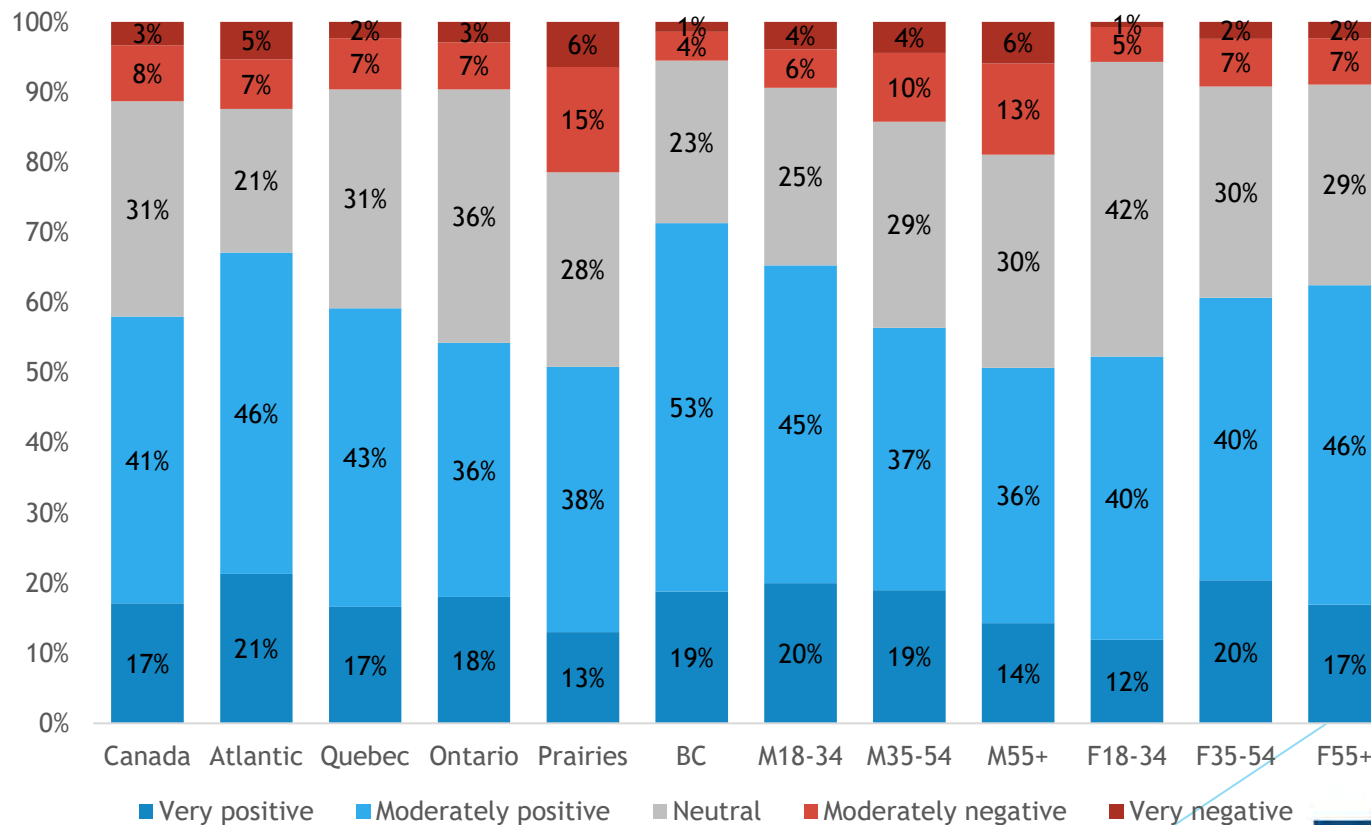


IKS Insights

- ▶ It would be expected that IKS rises with education, which it does, but higher income is actually a better prediction of IKS than higher education alone.
- ▶ Men generally have a higher average IKS than women and older people more than younger people (despite low education levels among older Canadians).
- ▶ People who immigrated to Canada themselves have higher IKS than Canadians who have lived in this country for generations.
- ▶ While Liberal voters have a higher IKS than Conservatives, the gap is reasonably small. NDP voters have significantly lower scores.
- ▶ People who say that foreign policy is very important to their voting decision do have higher IKS than those who say foreign policy is not important, but there are segments with higher IKS.
 - ▶ This means that there are statistically significant numbers of Canadians who are well-informed on international affairs but are not “Foreign Policy Voters.”
- ▶ Regionally, IKS is highest in BC and Ontario. It is lowest in Quebec.

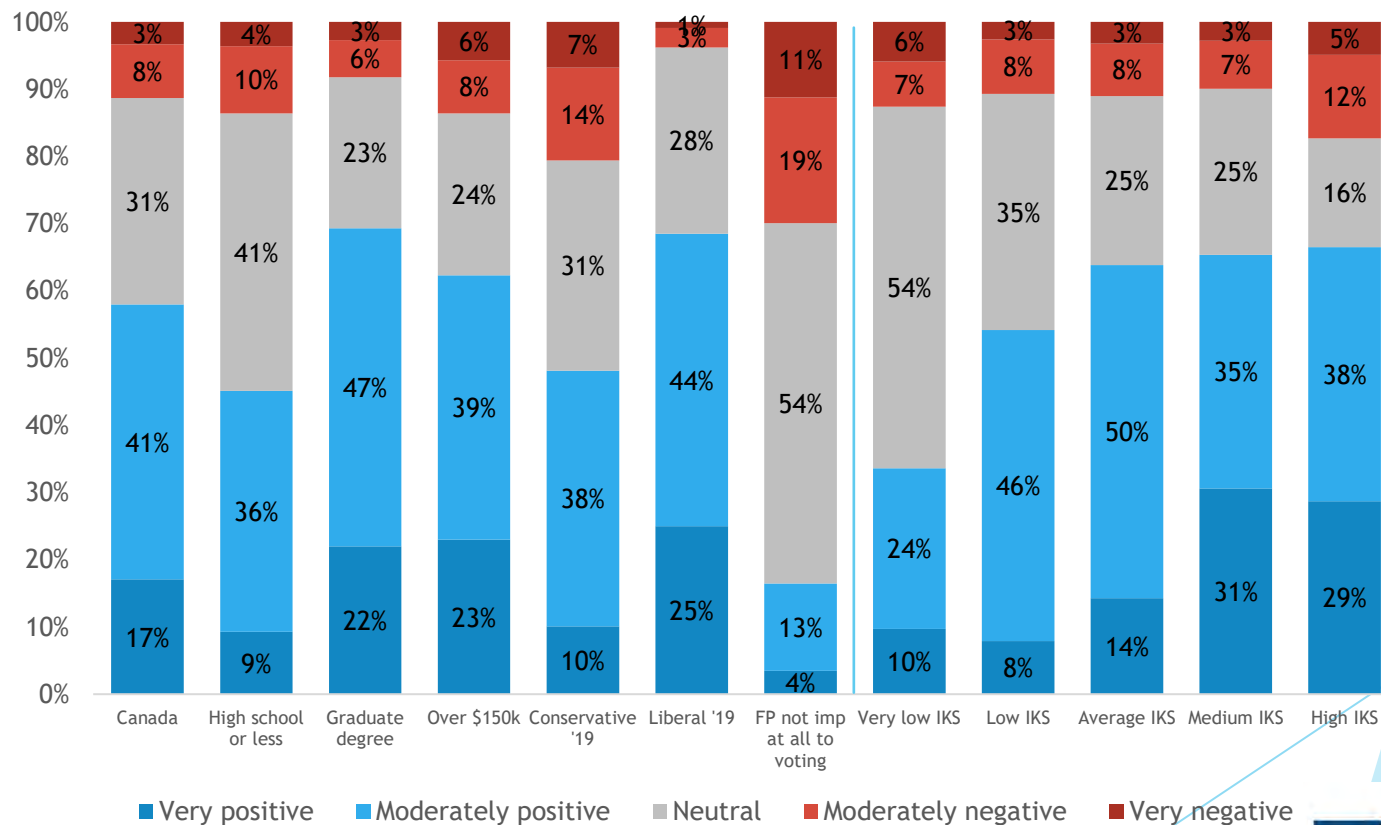
Canada's Foreign Policy

What's your opinion of Canada's willingness to stand up for democracies in parts of the world where we have limited strategic interests?



Region, Age and Gender

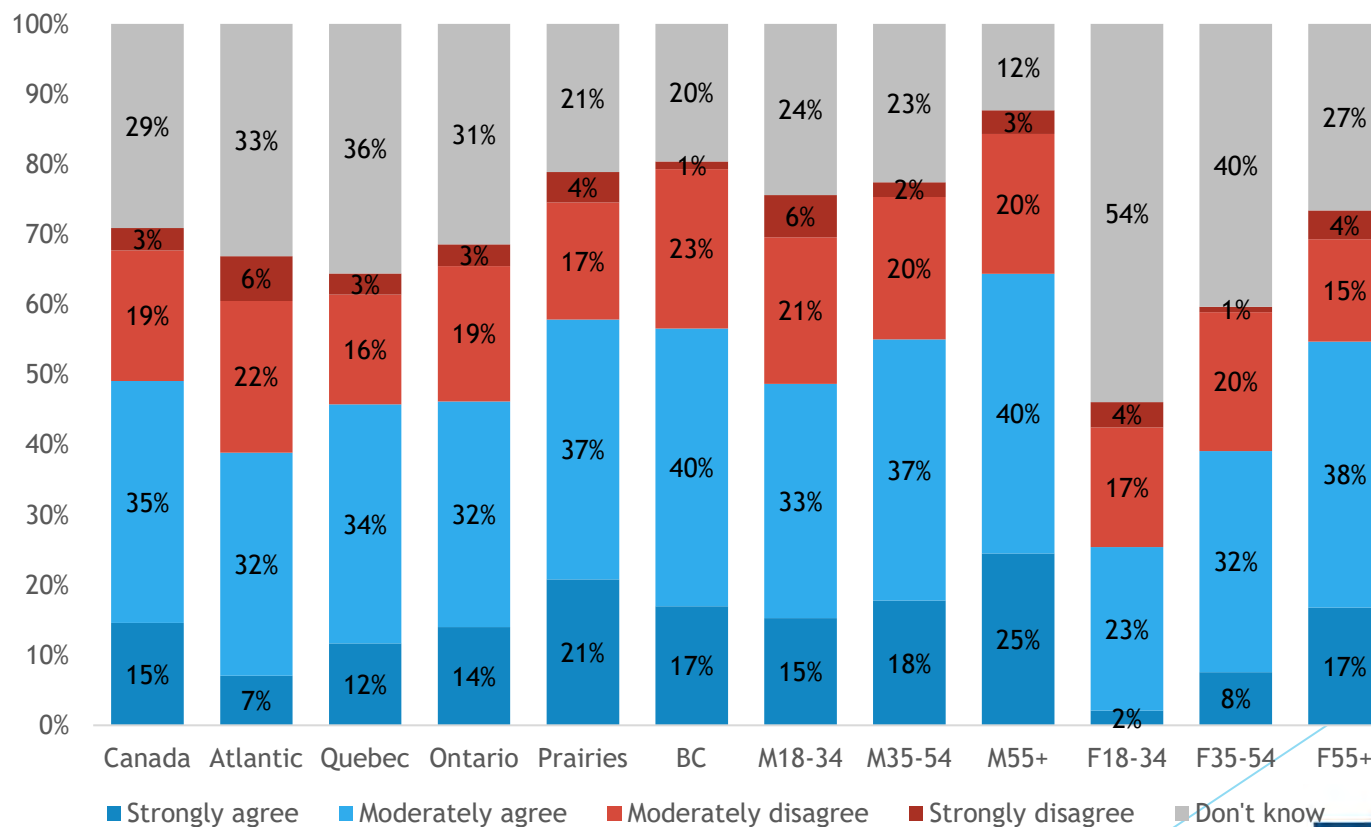
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Significant Segments and IKS



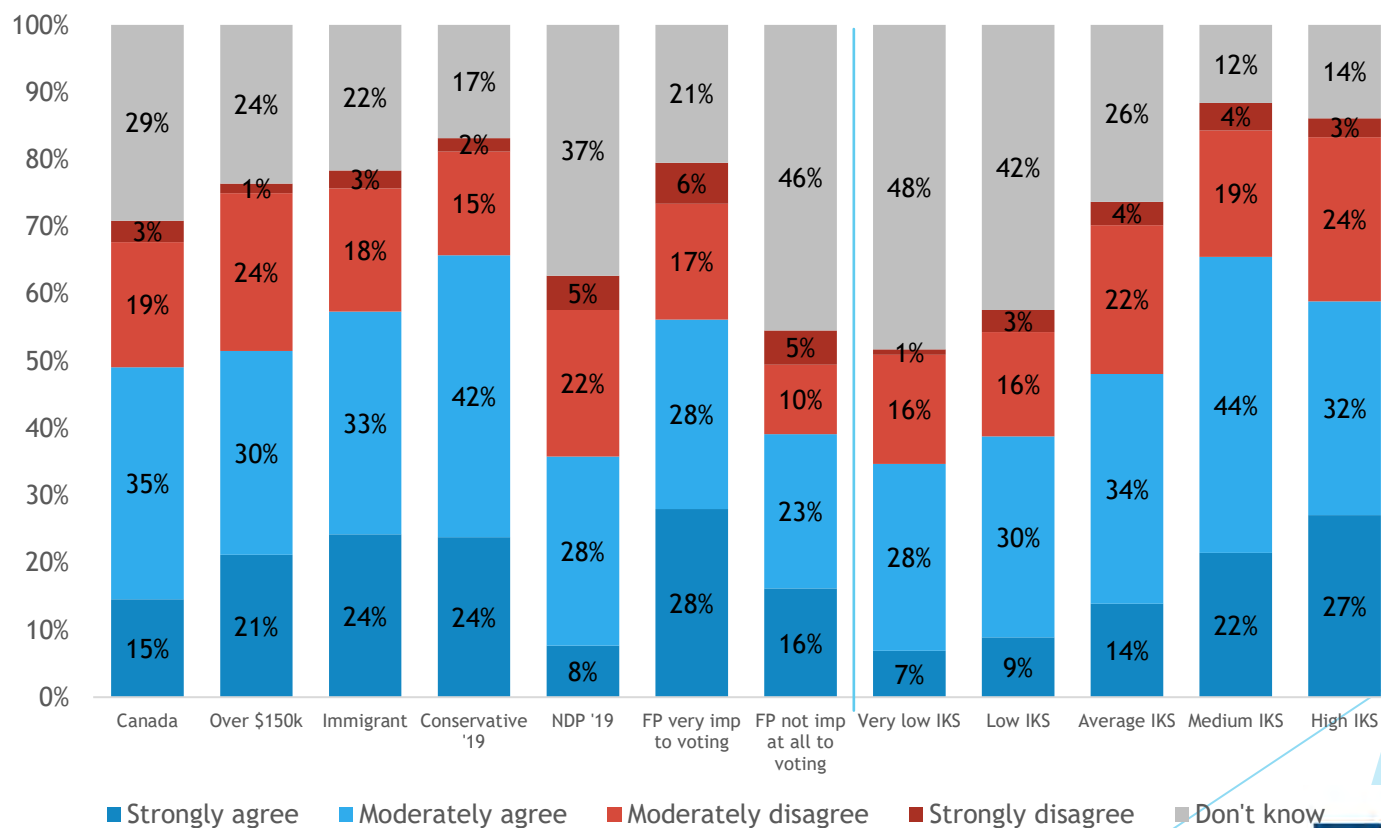
Canada should more often side with the alliance of democracies rather than always go along with what multilateral organizations like the UN want



Region, Age and Gender



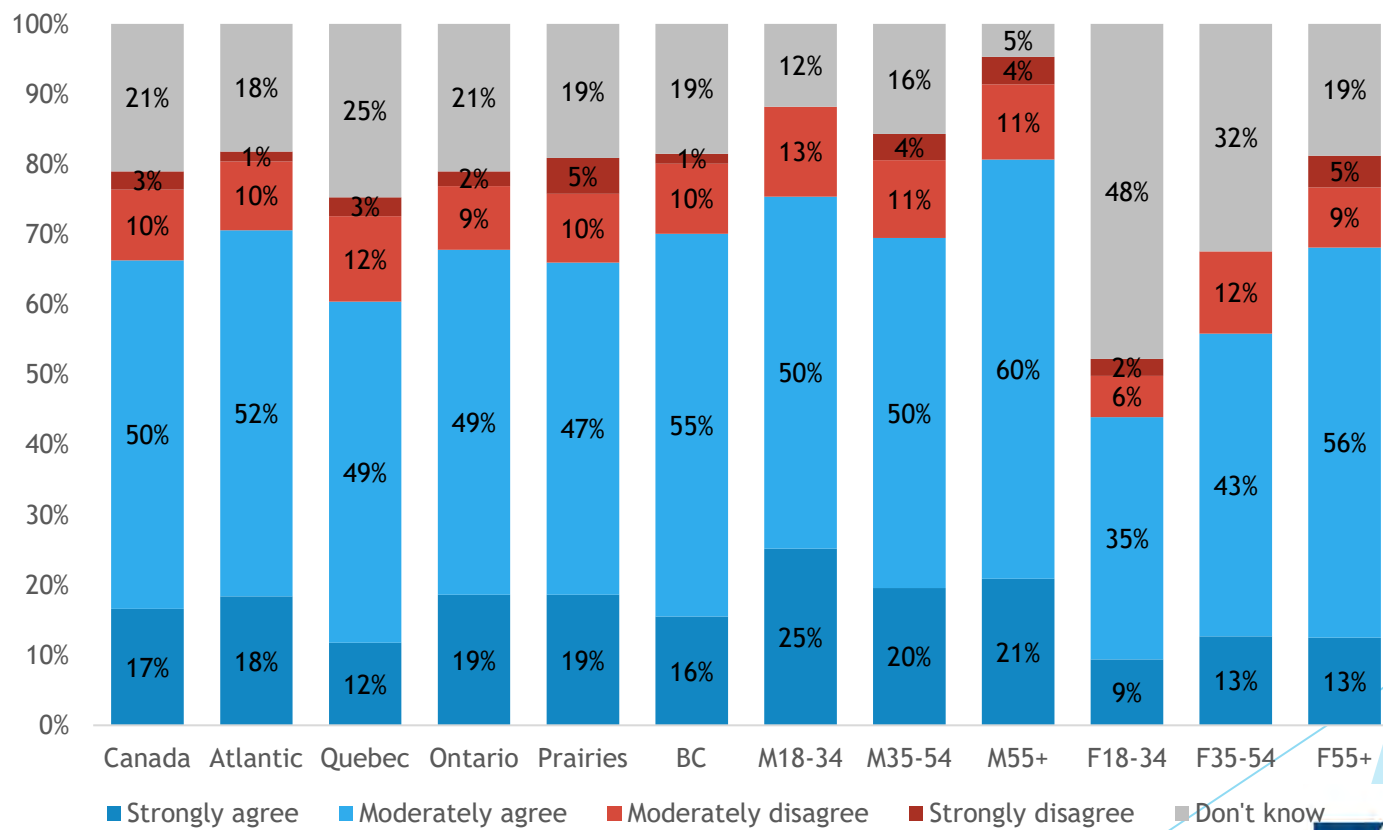
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Significant Segments and IKS



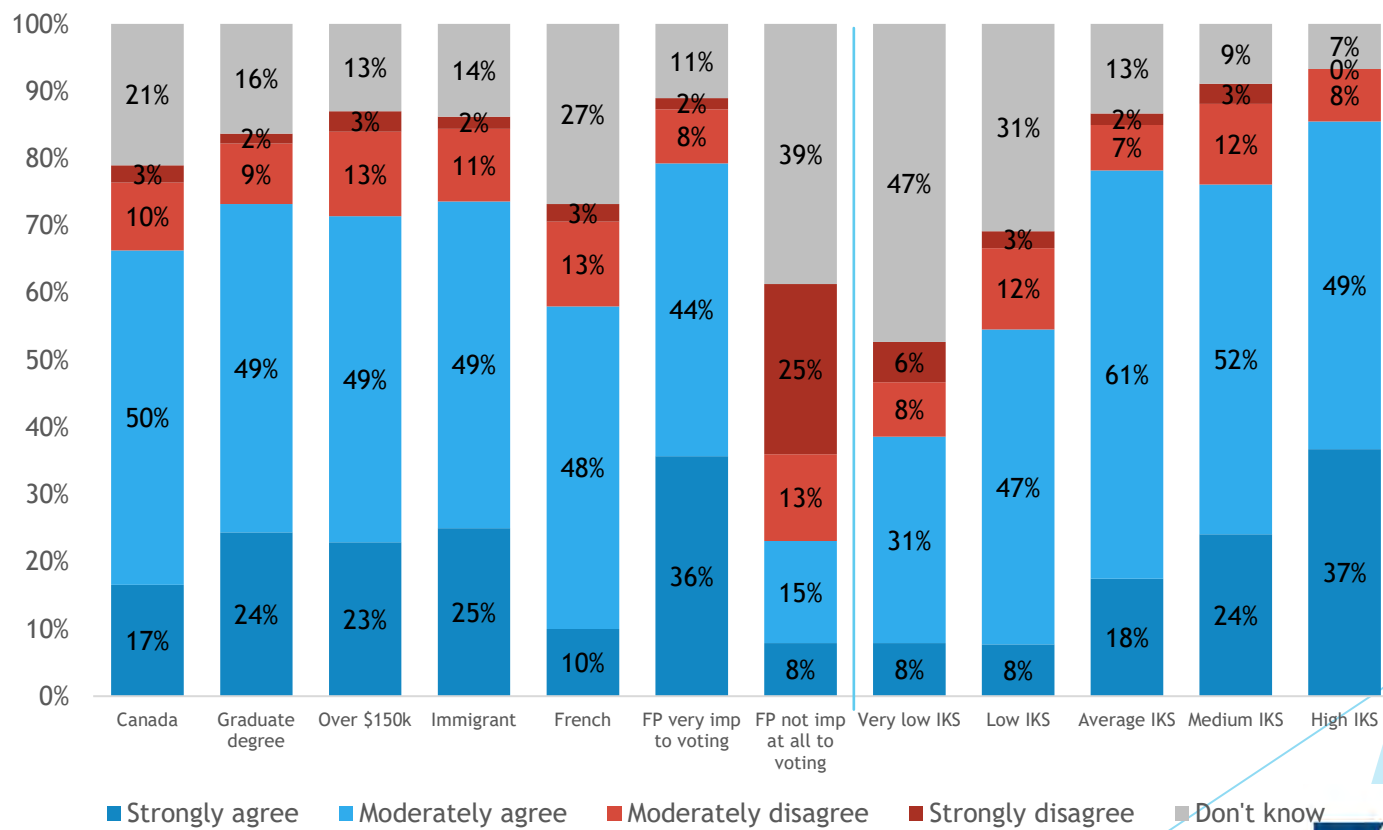
Canada should build closer relationships with other democratic countries in the Indo-Pacific region



Region, Age and Gender



Canada should build closer relationships with other democratic countries in the Indo-Pacific region

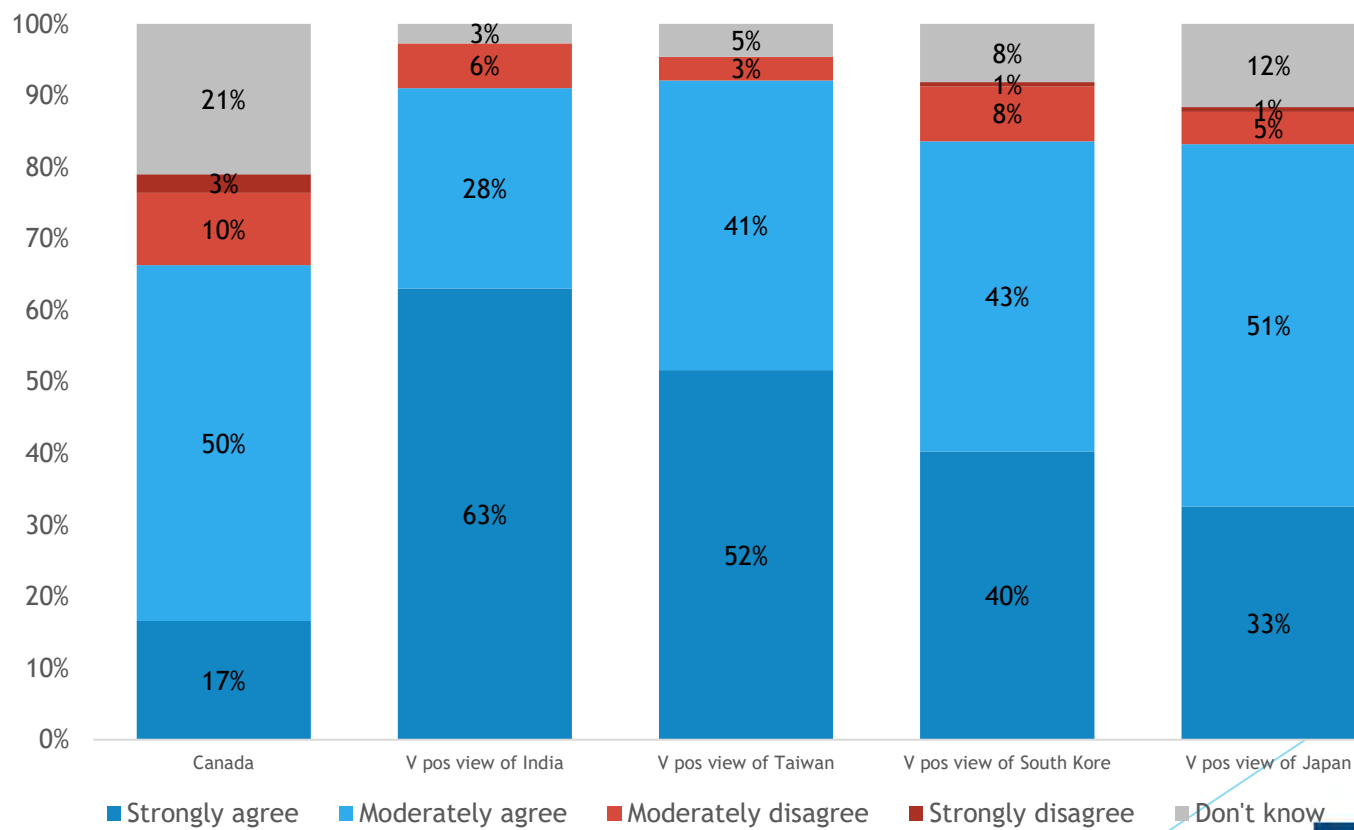


Significant Segments and IKS

■ Strongly agree ■ Moderately agree ■ Moderately disagree ■ Strongly disagree ■ Don't know



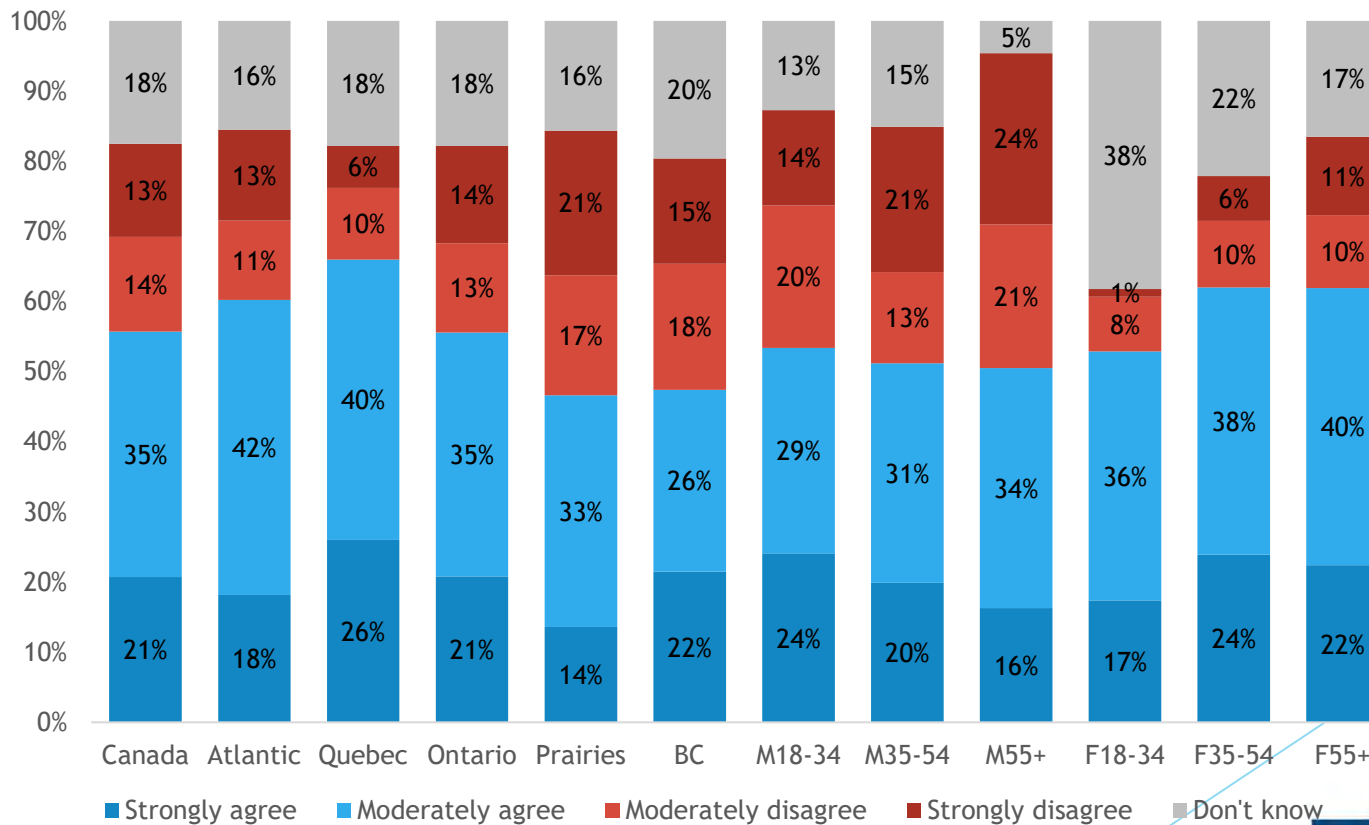
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By positive view of democracies in the Indo-Pacific

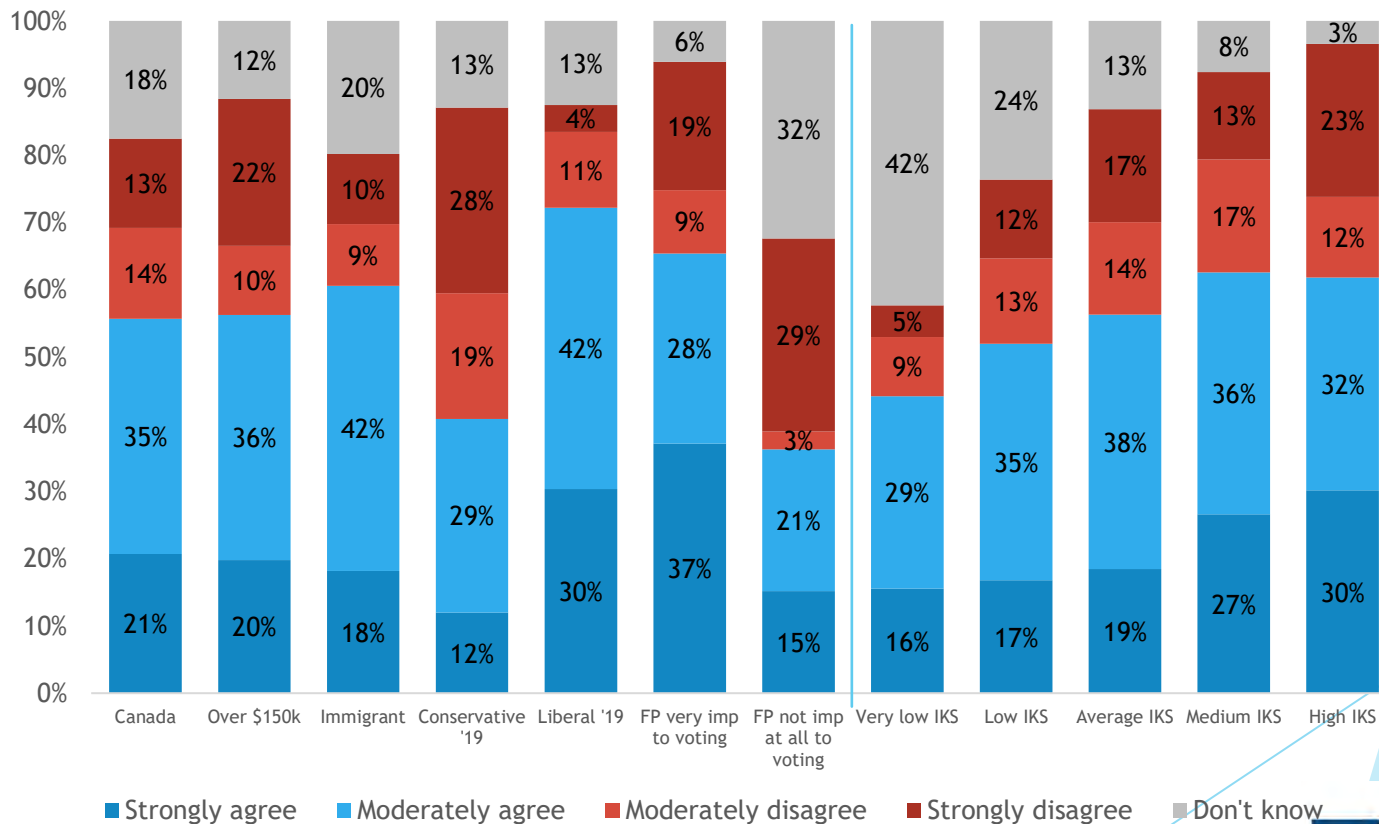


Canada should try to again to get a seat on the United Nations Security Council



Region, Age and Gender

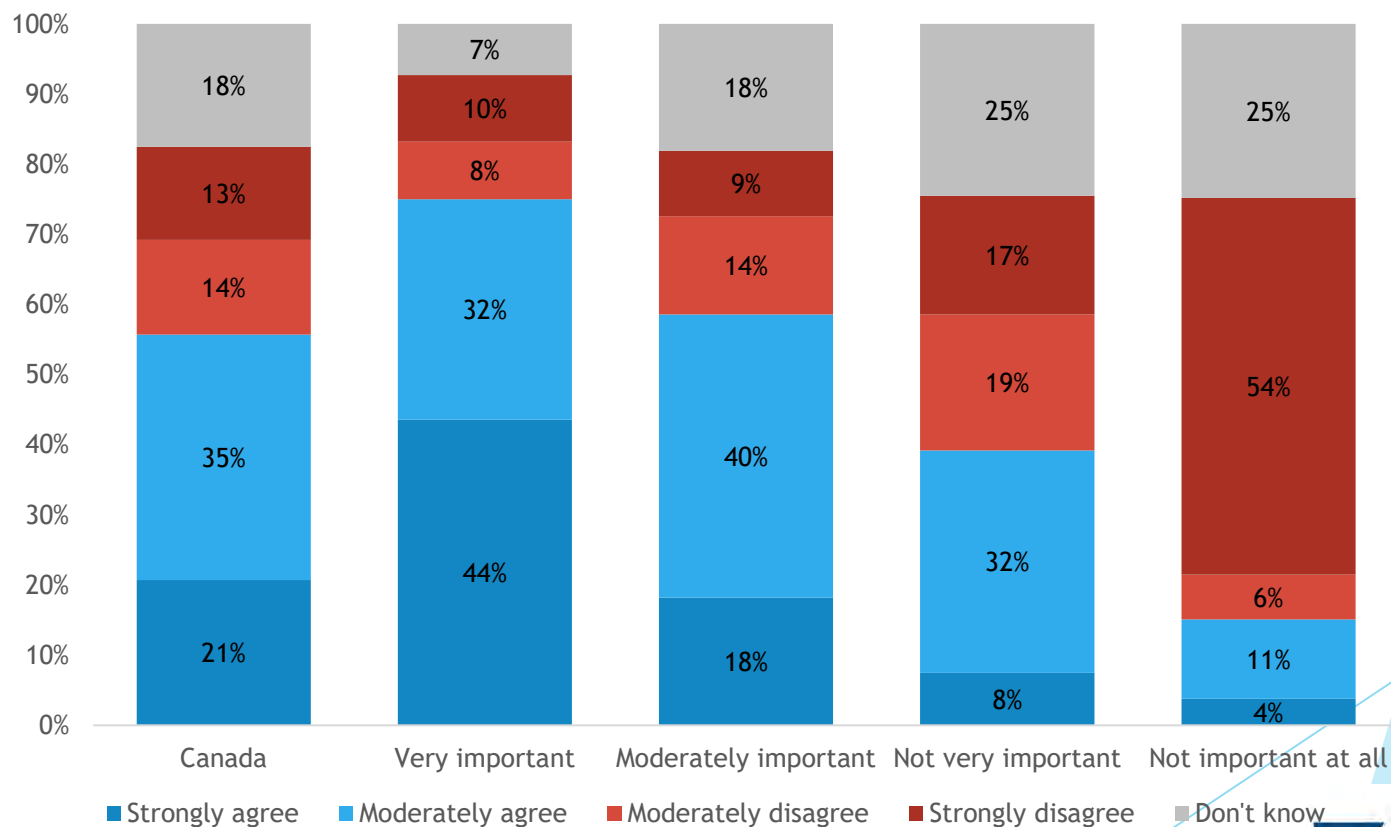
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Significant Segments and IKS

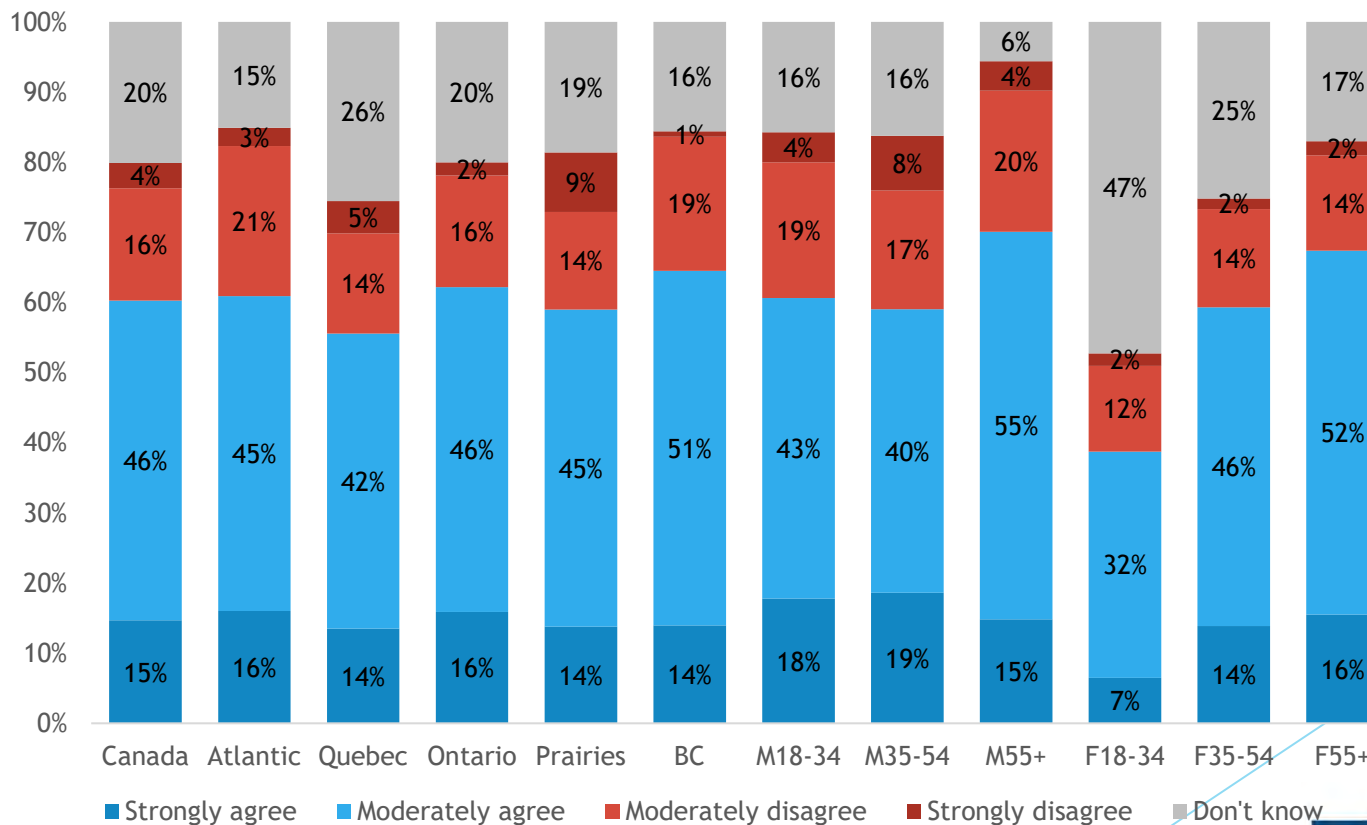


Canada should try to again to get a seat on the United Nations Security Council by how important it is that Canada become more influential



Region, Age and Gender

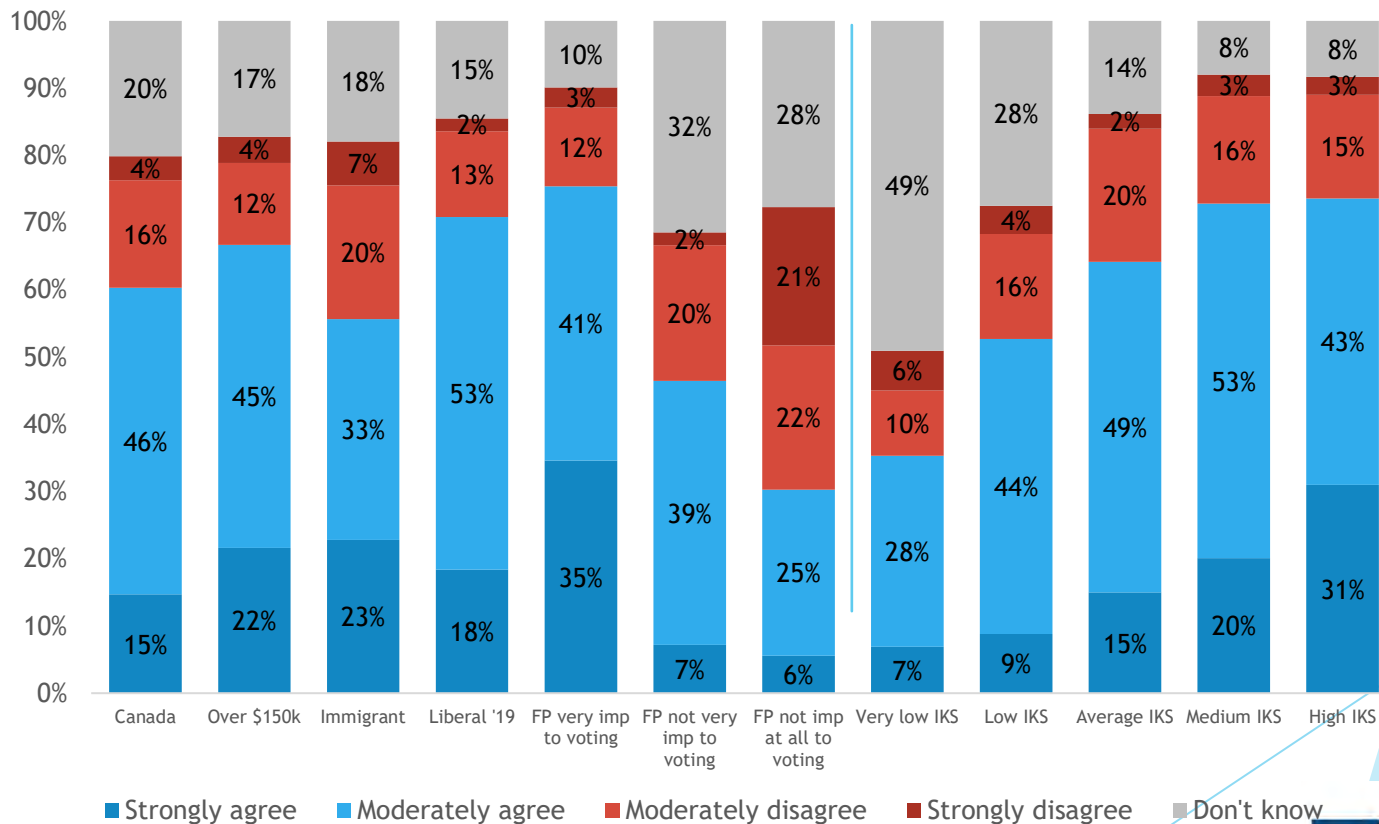
Canada should be much more active in the NATO alliance between North America and Europe



Region, Age and Gender

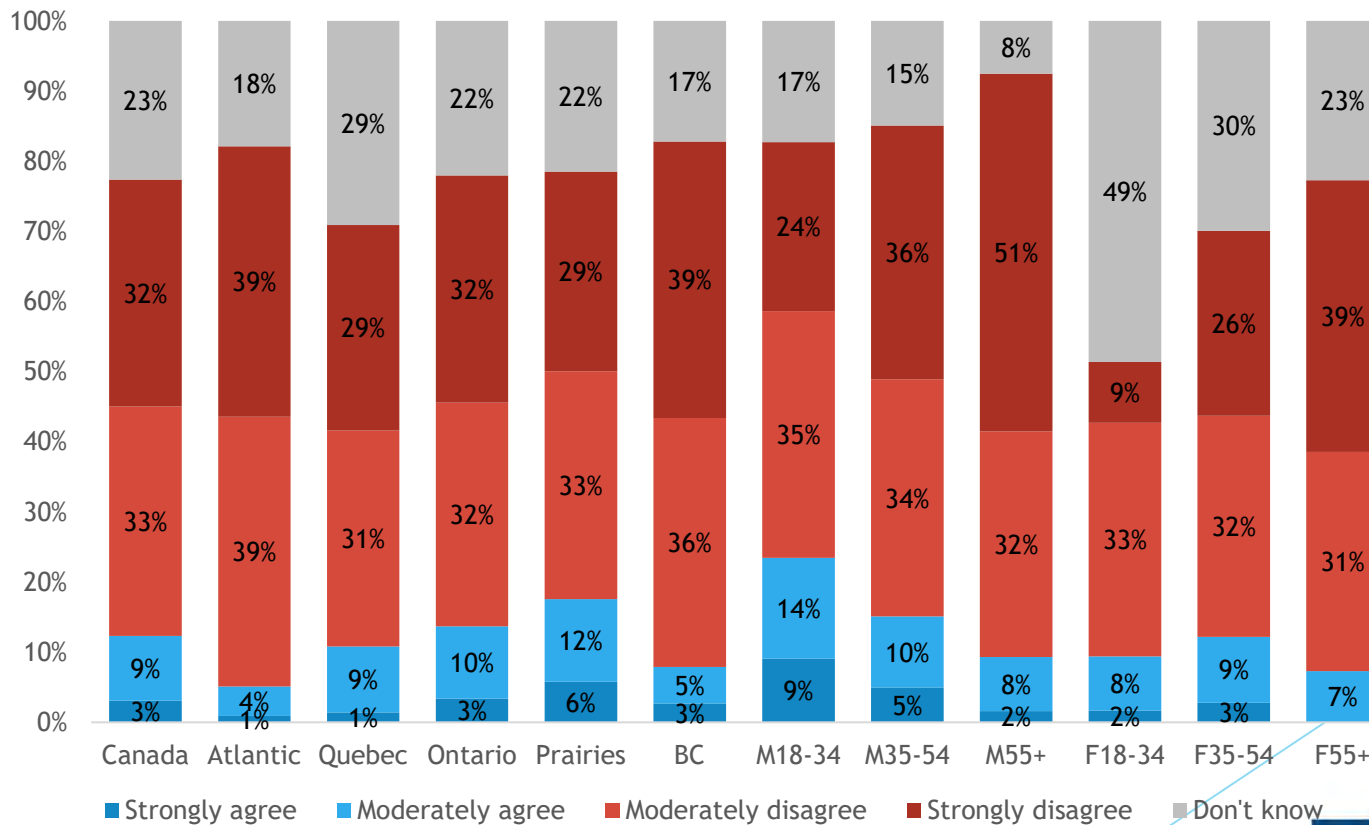


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Significant Segments and IKS

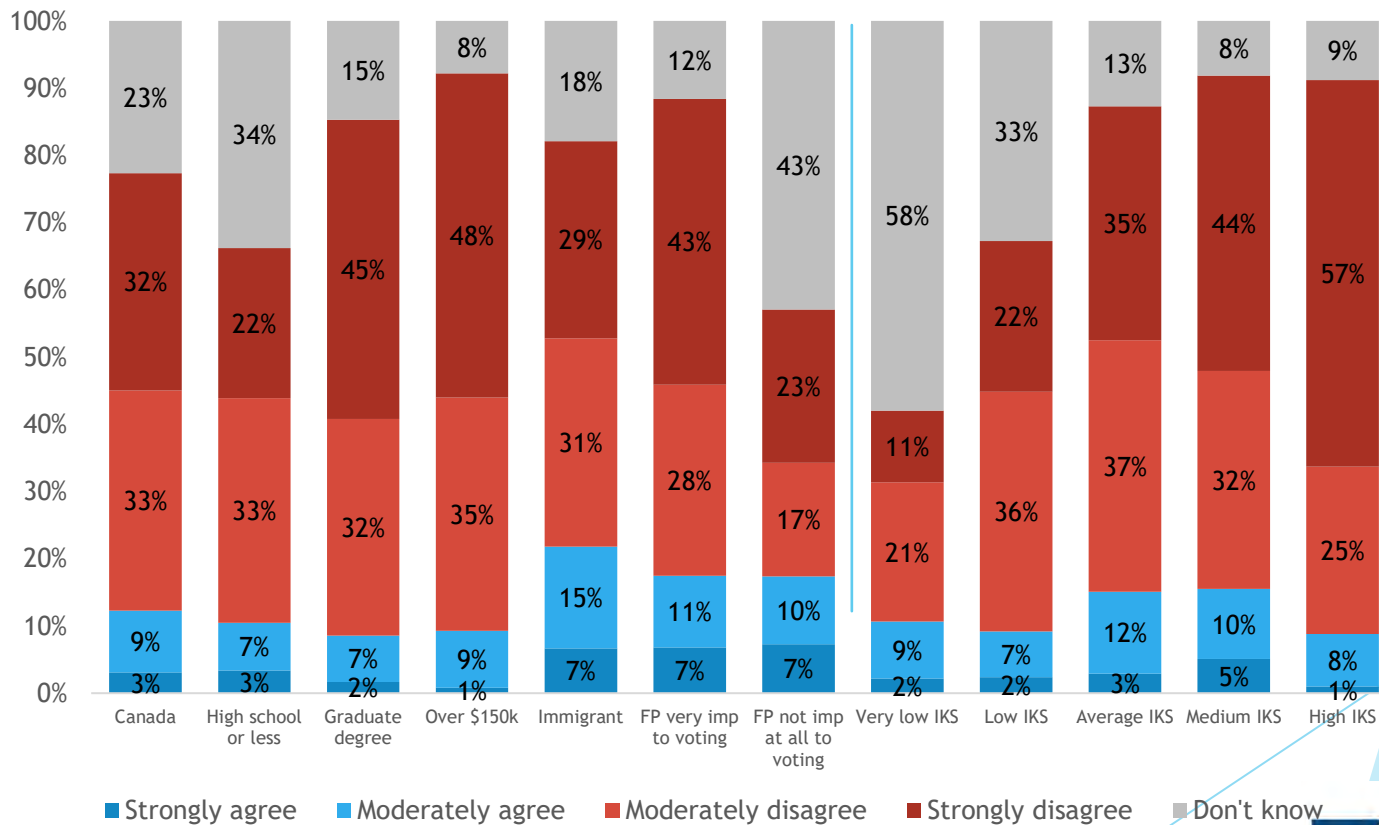
Canada should withdraw from NATO and focus on parts other parts of the world than Europe



Region, Age and Gender



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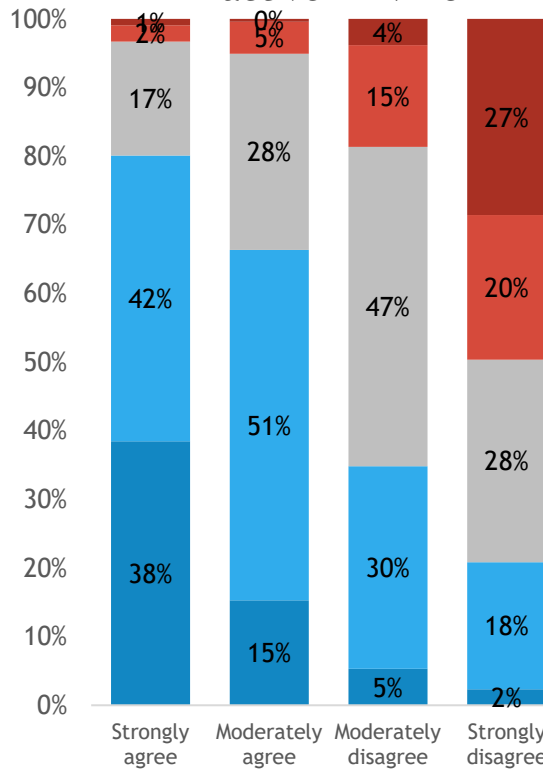


Significant Segments and IKS

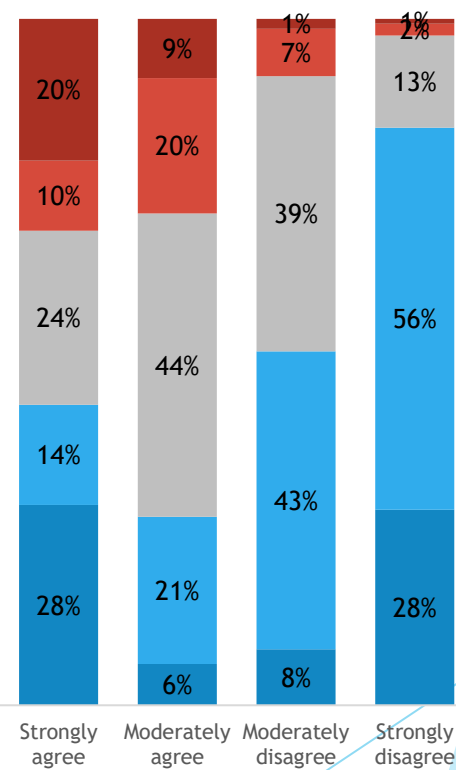


NATO questions by views on NATO

Canada should be much more active in NATO

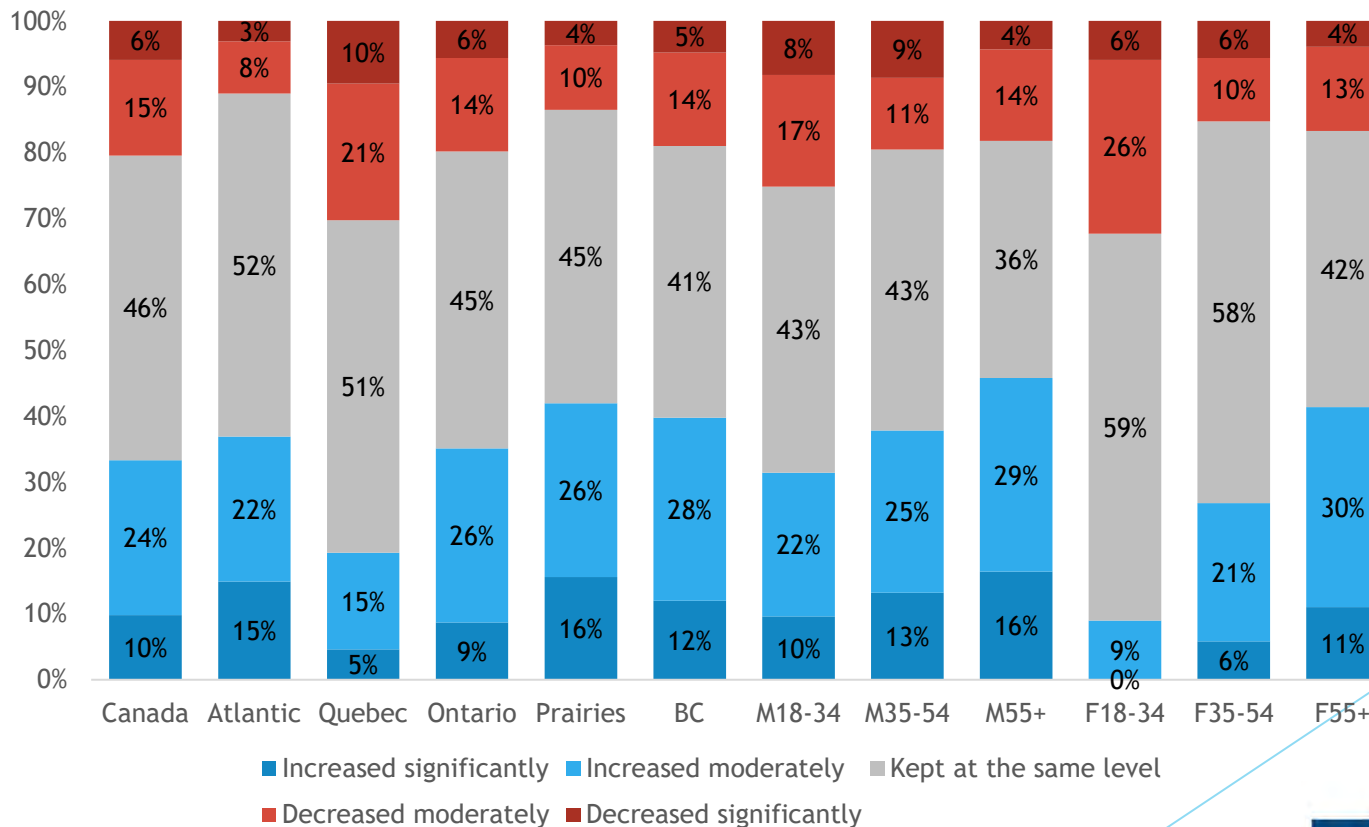


Canada withdraw from NATO



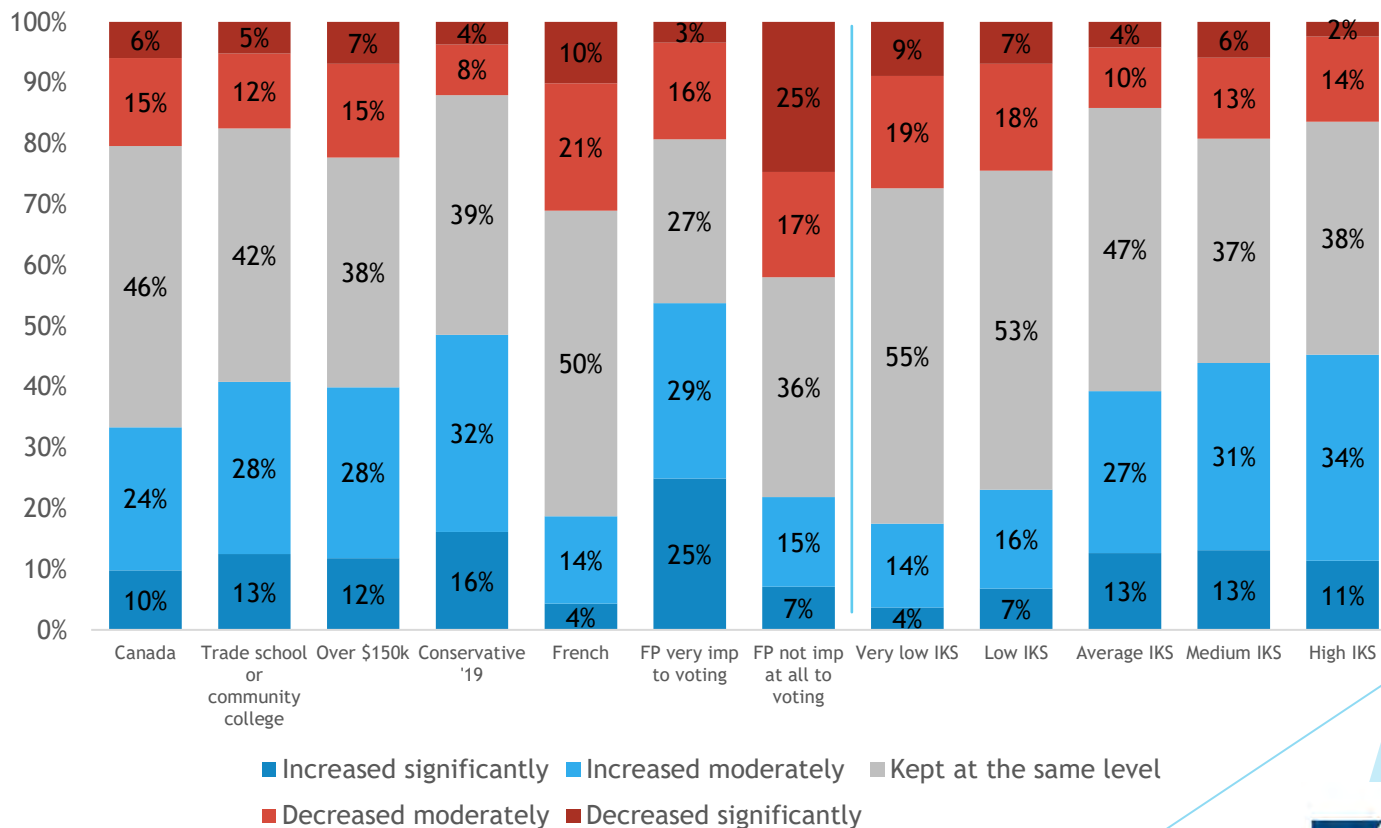
Very positive Moderately positive Neutral Moderately negative Very negative

In recent years, Canada spends about \$22 billion or about 6% of federal spending on National Defense. Do you think this should be increased or decreased?



Region, Age and Gender

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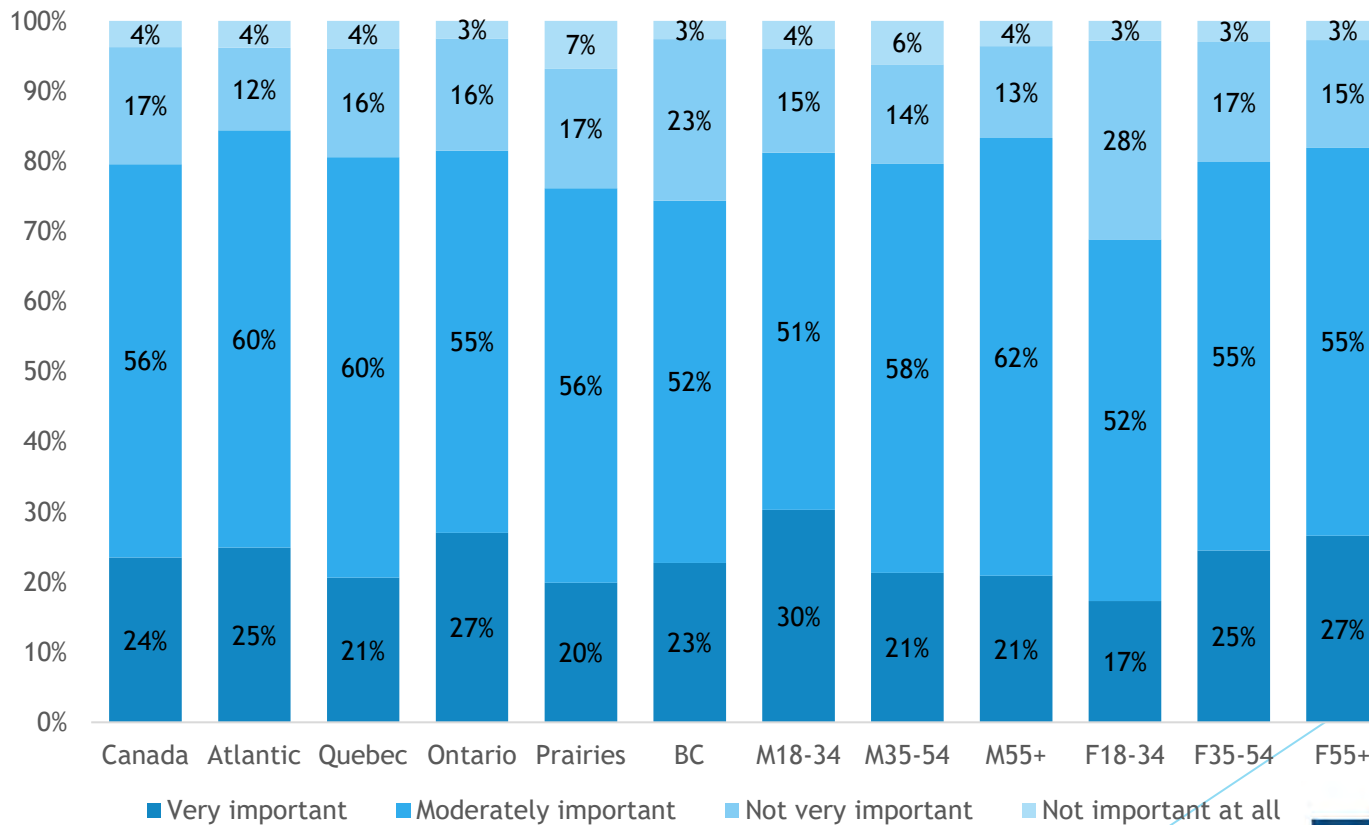
Significant Segments and IKS

The Government's Foreign Policy Priorities

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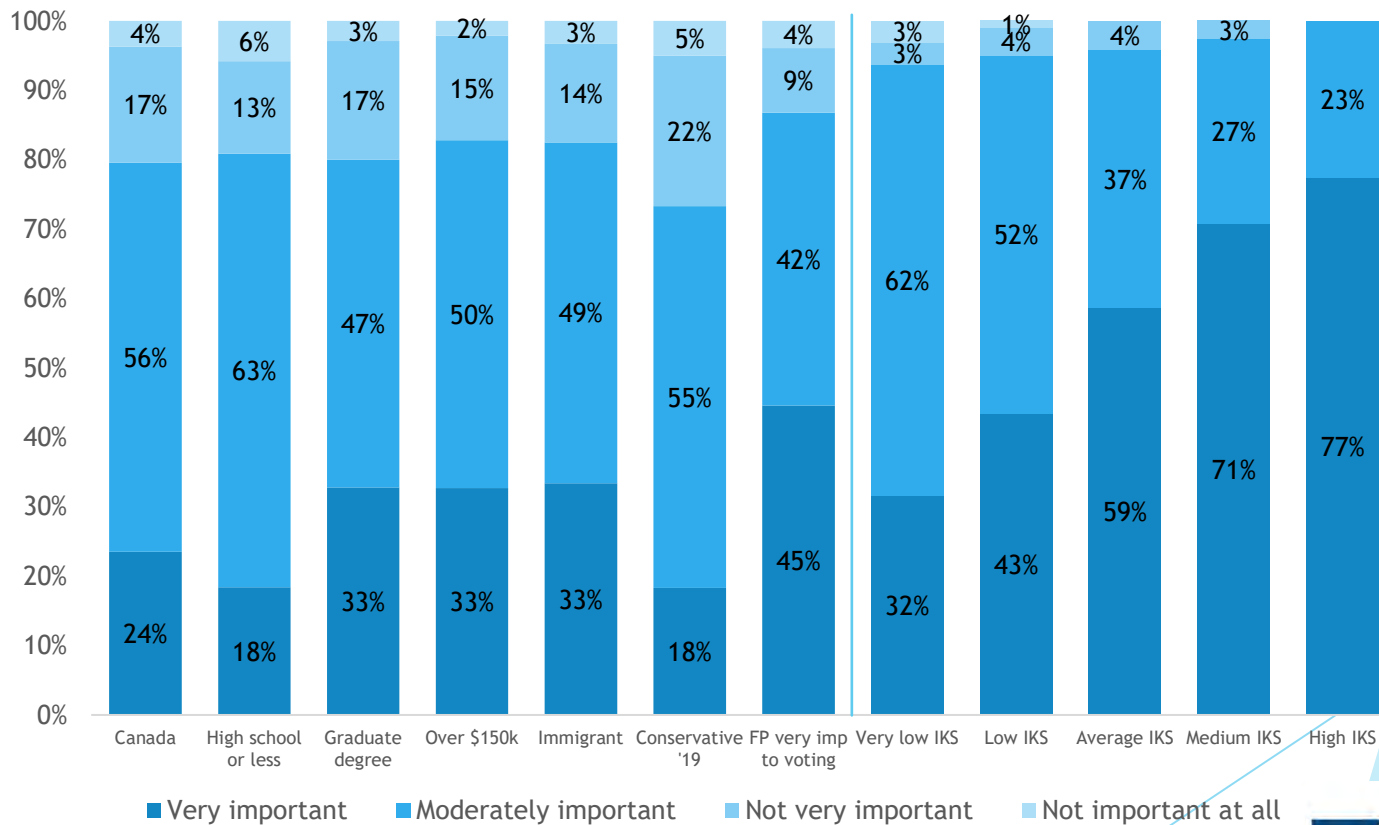


Revitalizing the rules-based international order



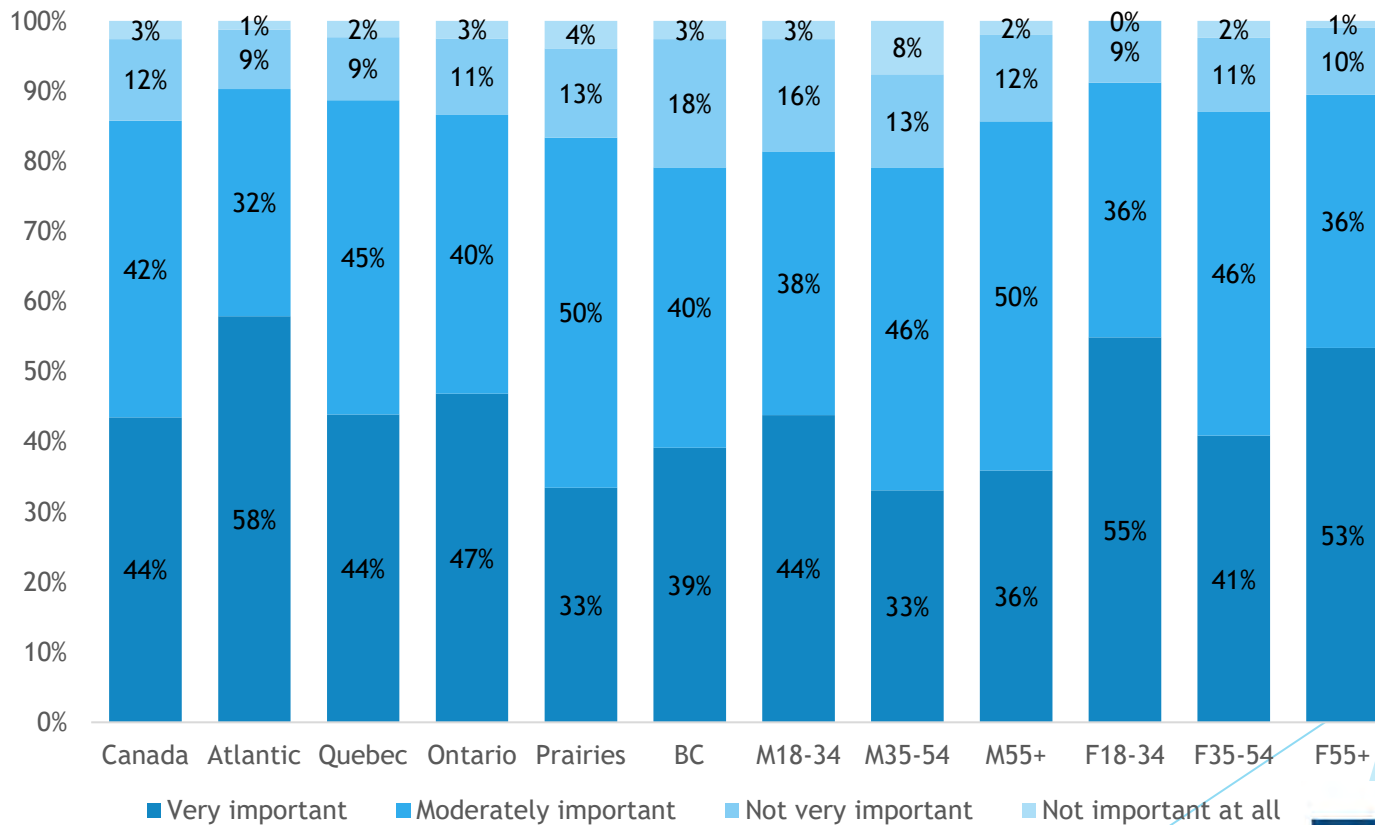
Region, Age and Gender

Revitalizing the rules-based international order



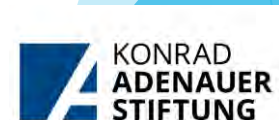
Significant Segments and IKS

Eradicating Poverty

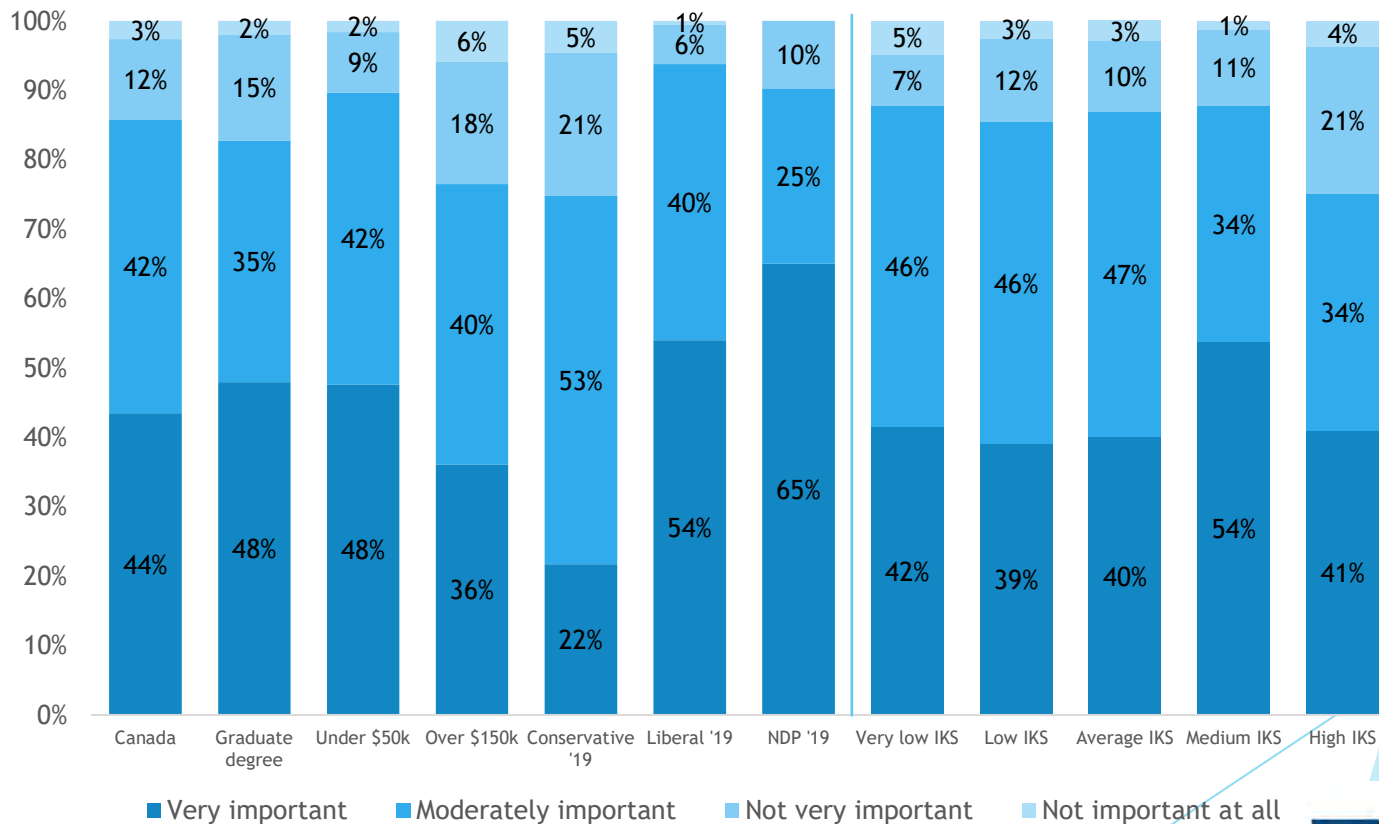


Region, Age and Gender

■ Very important
 ■ Moderately important
 ■ Not very important
 ■ Not important at all



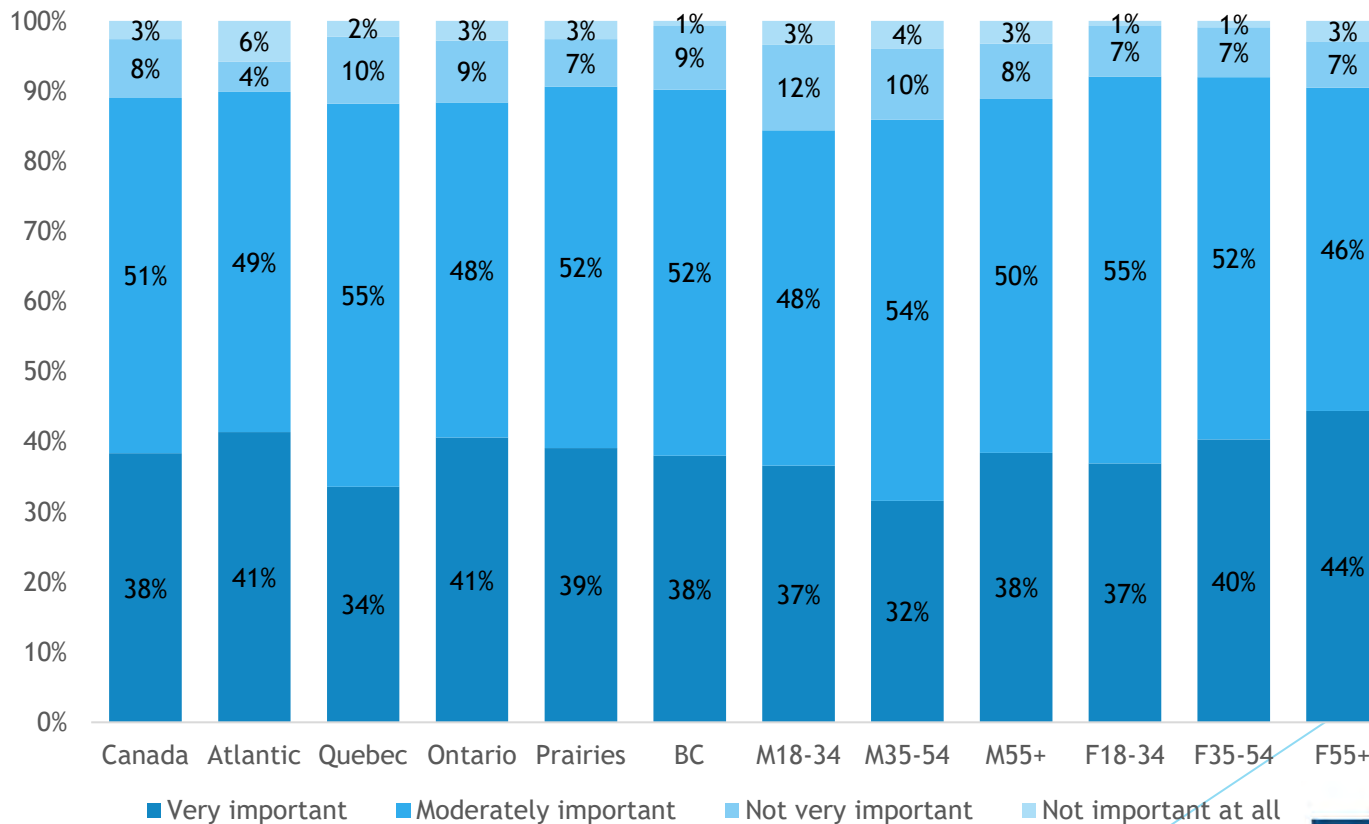
Eradicating Poverty



Significant Segments and IKS



Pursuing diversified, modern and inclusive trade

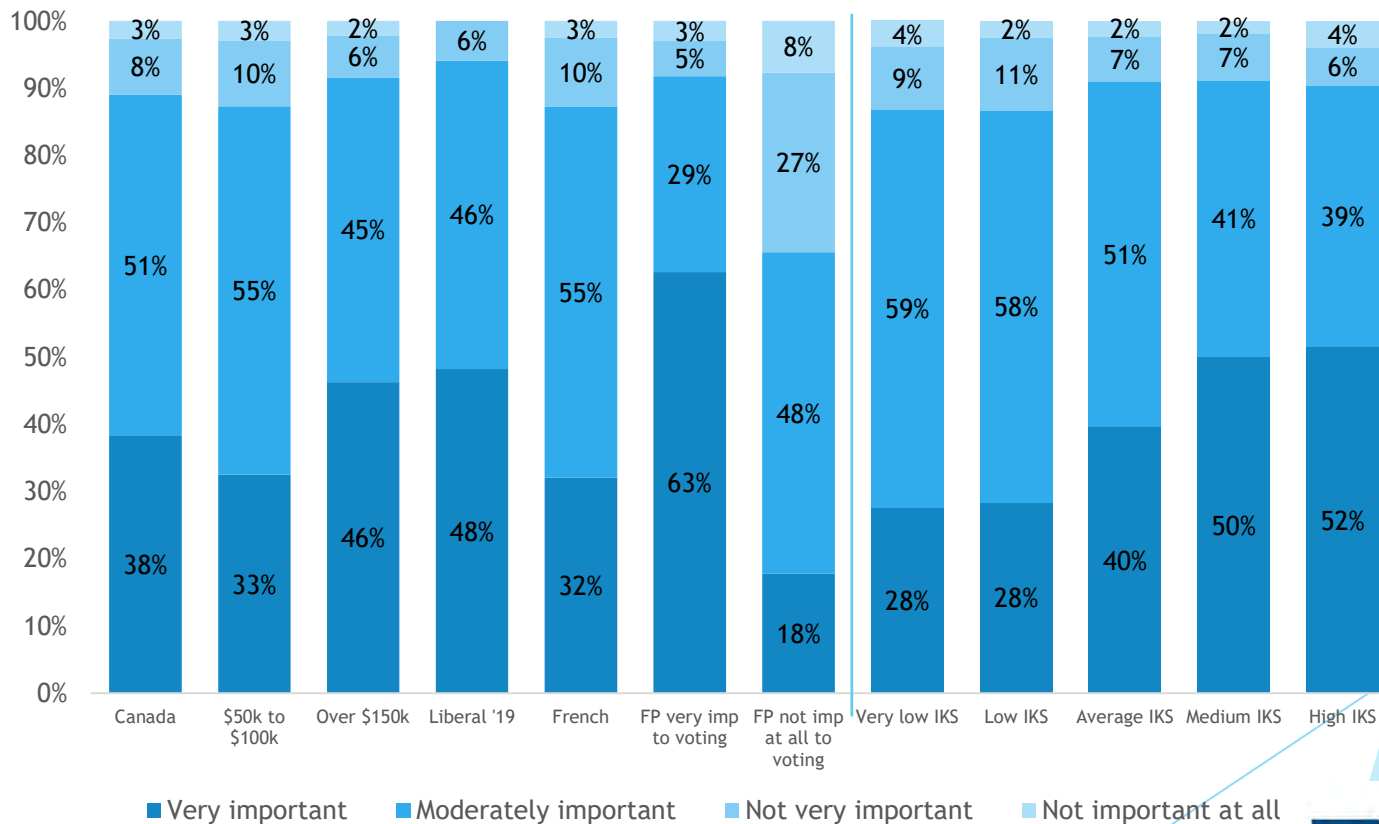


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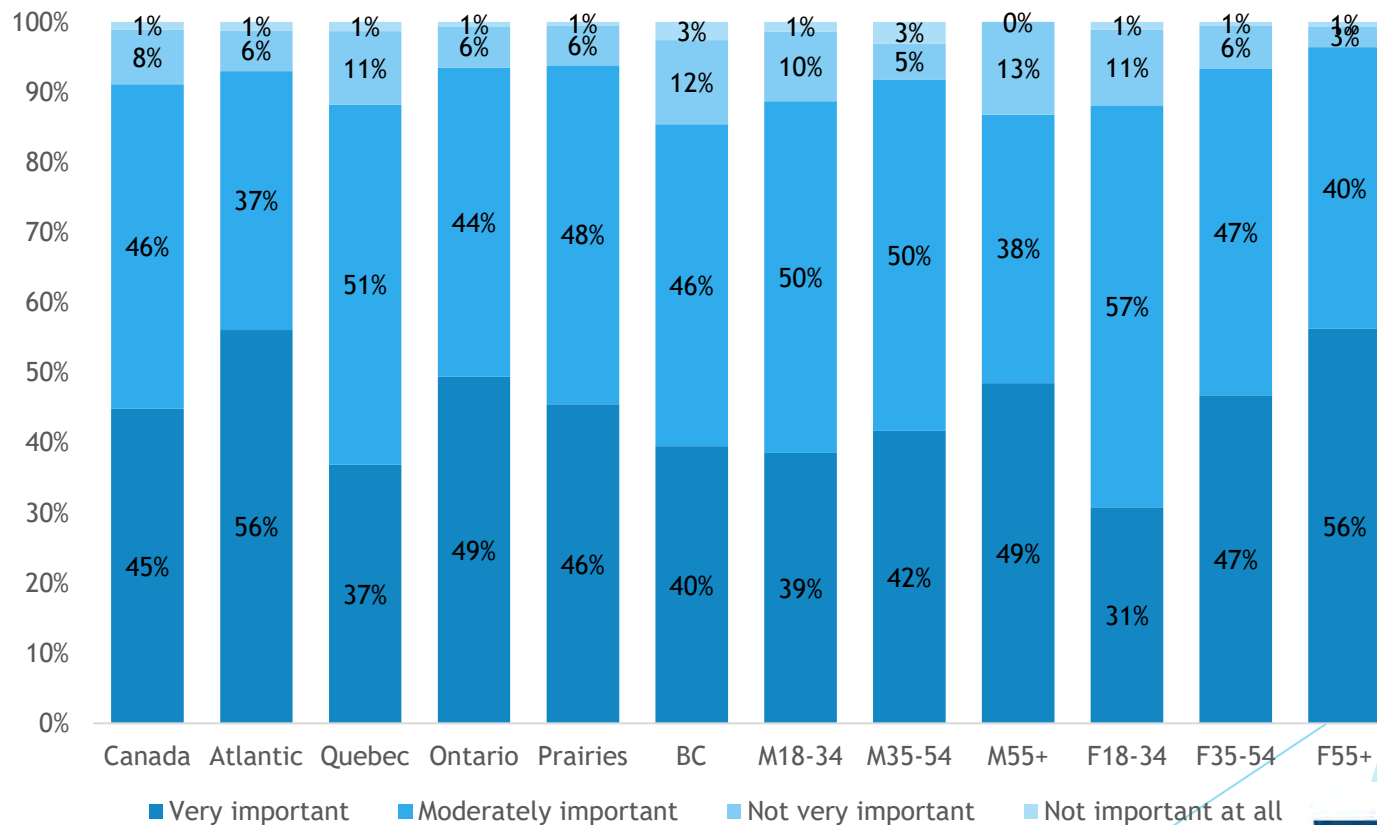
Pursuing diversified, modern and inclusive trade



Significant Segments and IKS



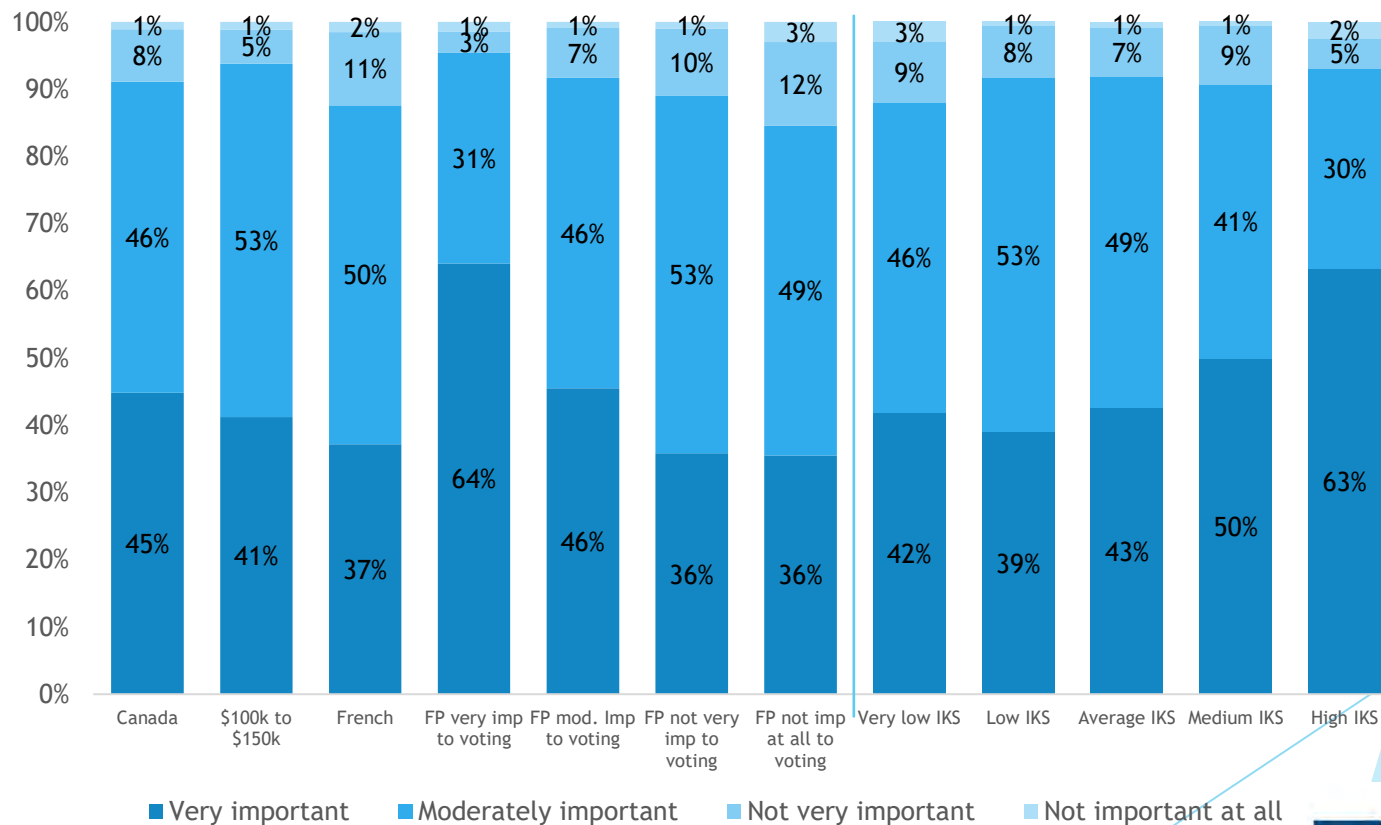
Strengthening Canada's place in North America



Region, Age and Gender



Strengthening Canada's place in North America



Significant Segments and IKS

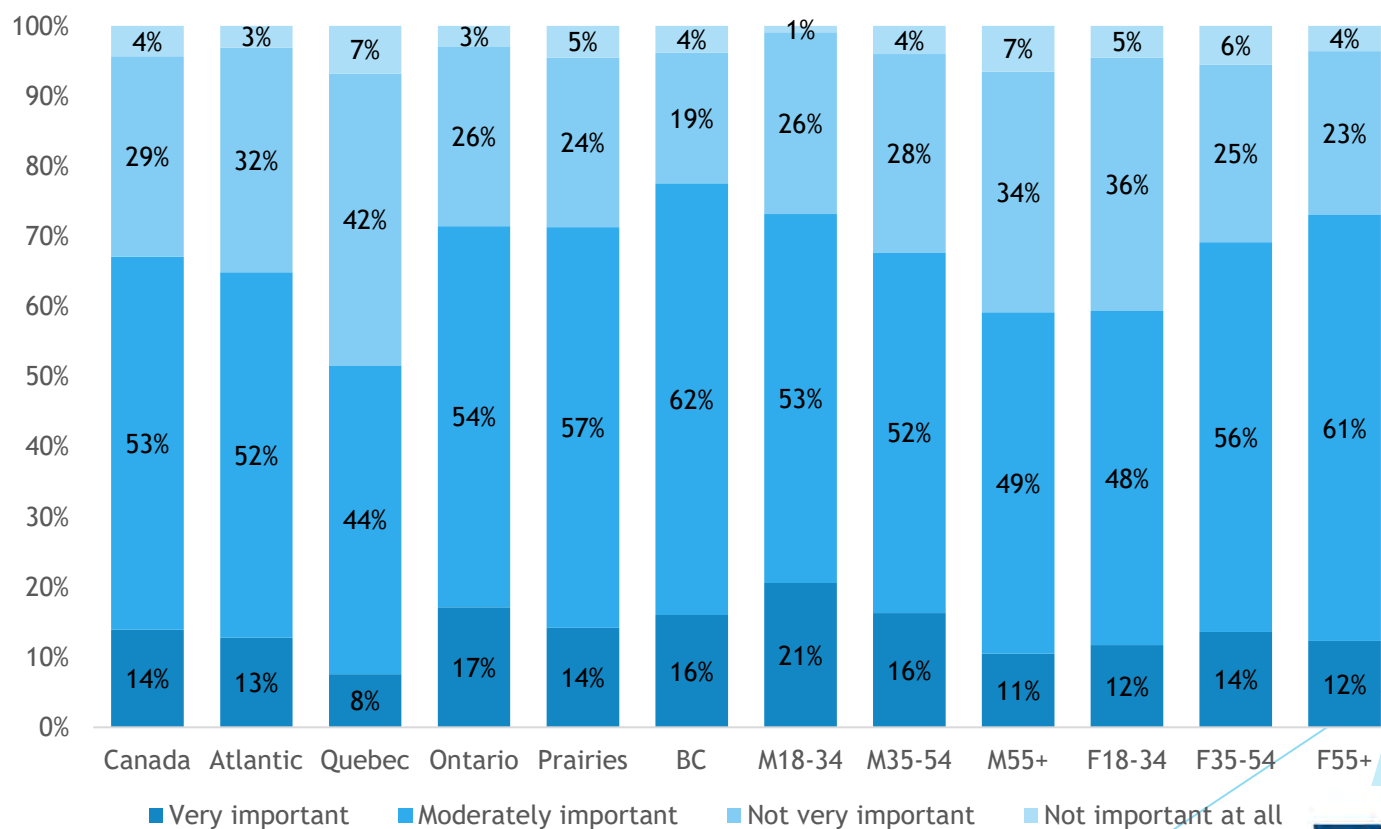


Foreign Policy and Voting

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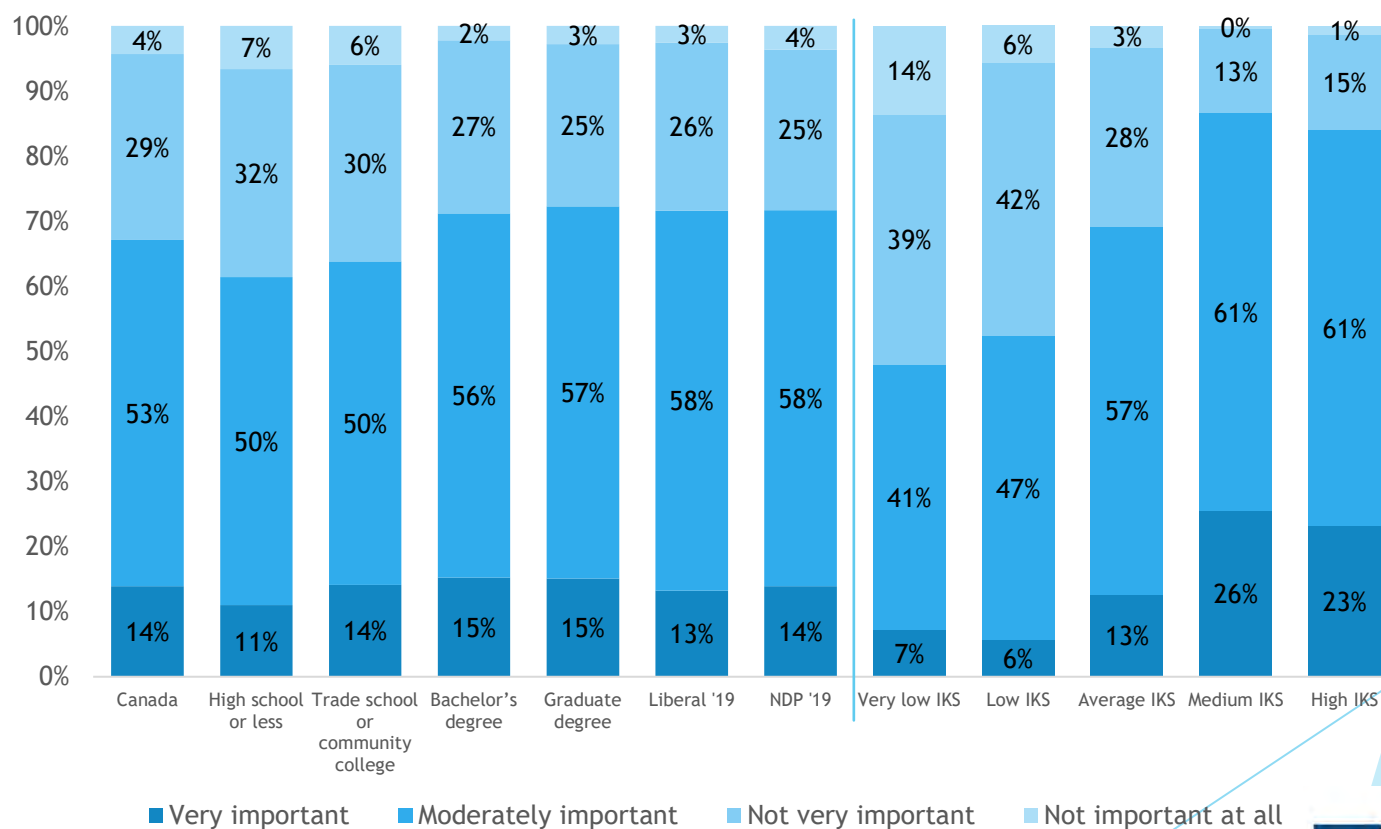


When thinking about how you decide to vote in a federal election, how important is foreign policy to you in making that decision?



Region, Age and Gender

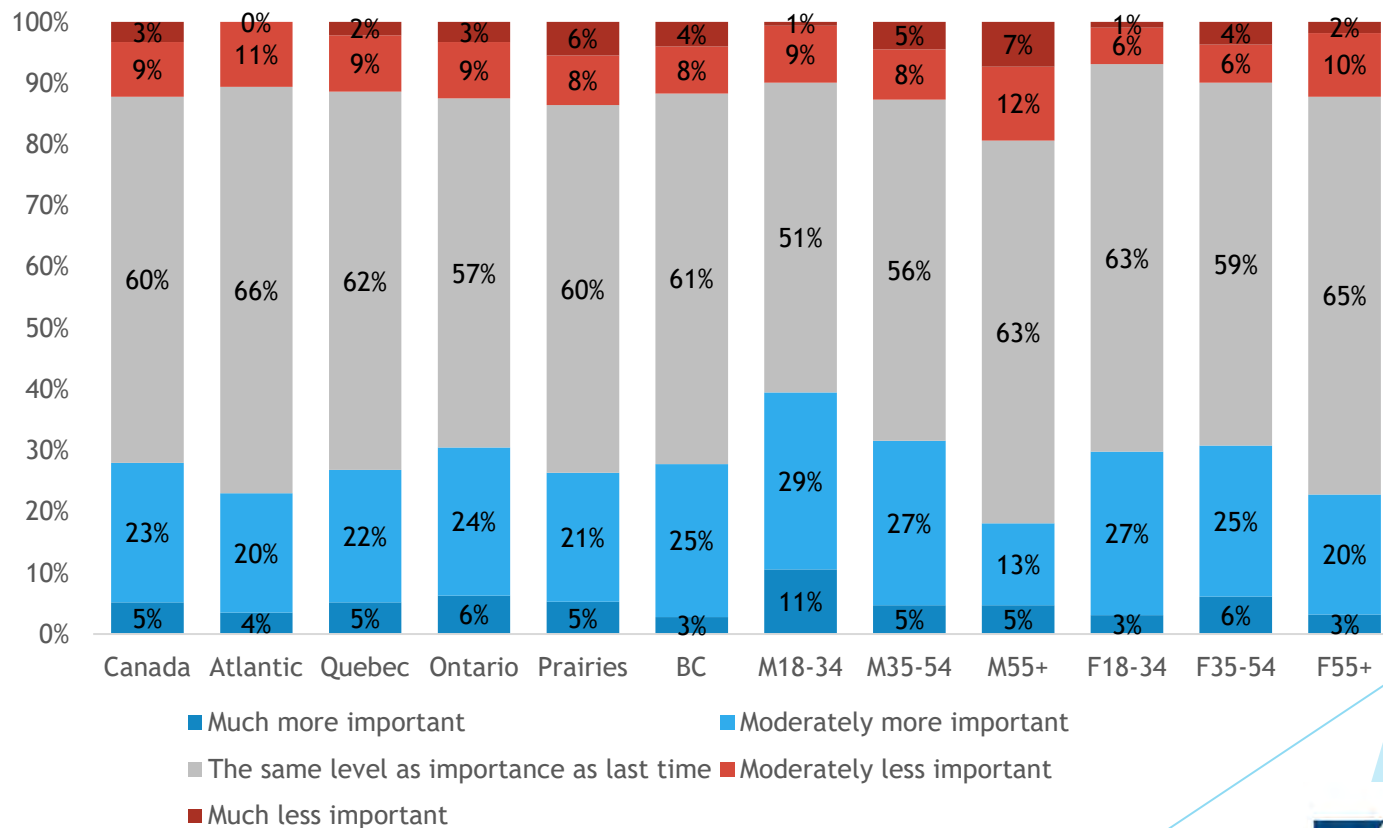
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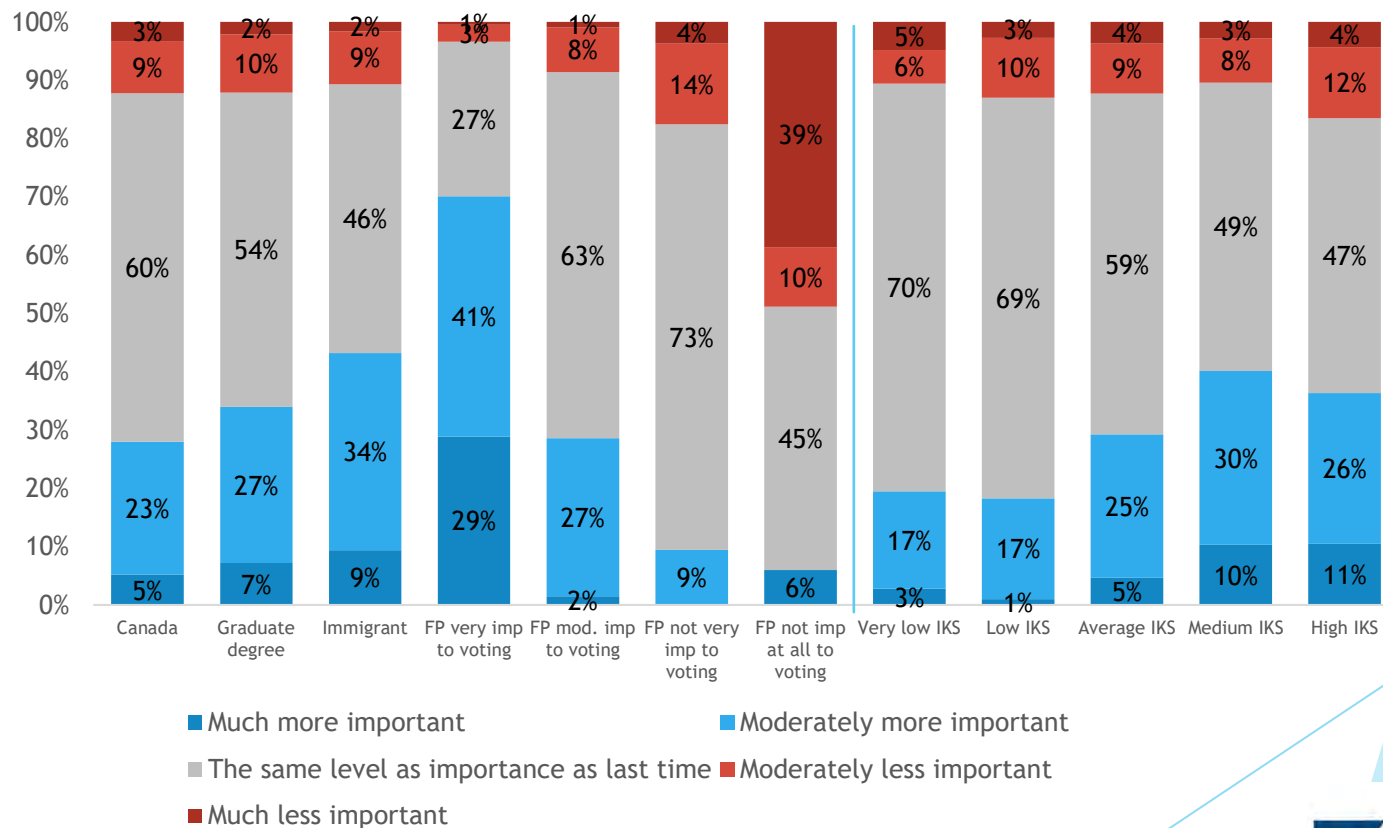


Thinking ahead to the next federal election, whenever that may be, do you think foreign policy will be more or less important to you when you are deciding how to vote?



Region, Age and Gender

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Significant Segments and IKS